

## 第三届

# FEDAY(前端开发日)















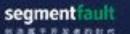
















### SELF INTRODUCTION

- ▶ 叶俊星 (Jasin Yip)
- ▶ 美团点评资深前端工程师
- ▶ 知乎前端开发、JavaScript 话题优秀回答者
- ▶ CyclejsCN (Cycle.js 中文社区) 发起者



### **OVERVIEW**

- Introduction
  - What is reactive programming?
  - What is stream?
- Cycle.js What if the user was a function?



# WHAT IS REACTIVE PROGRAMMING?

$$a := b + c$$

$$a := b + c$$

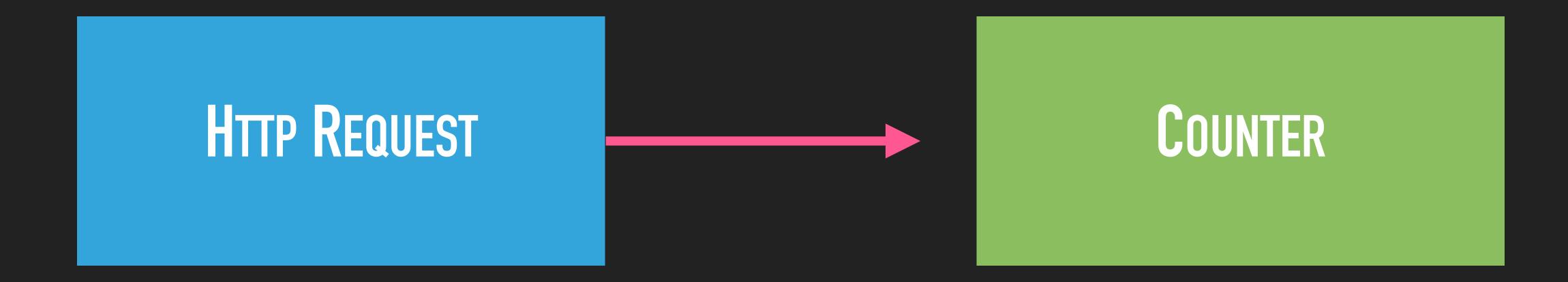
- Imperative Programming
  - When **b** or **c** changed, no effect on **a**.
- Reactive Programming
  - When **b** or **c** changed, **a** automatically updated.

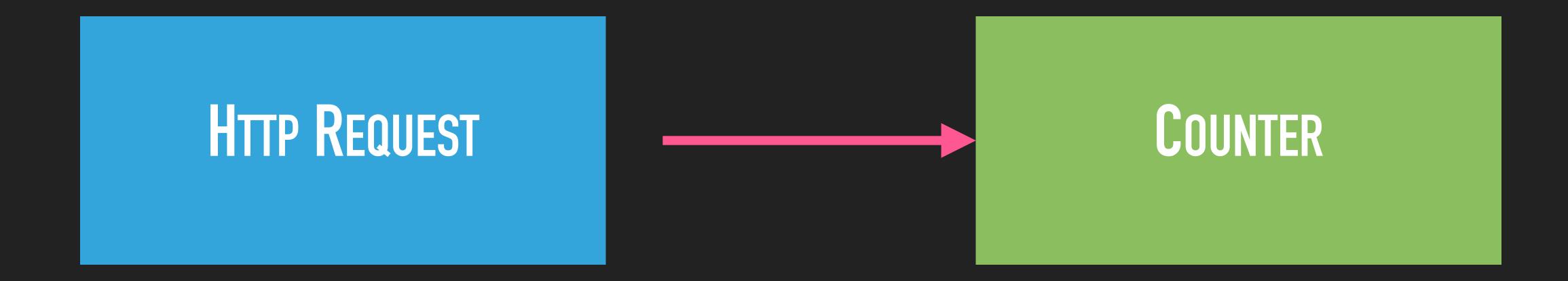
# WHY SHOULD WE USE REACTIVE PROGRAMMING?

### For example: count HTTP request times



**PASSIVE** PROACTIVE HTTP REQUEST COUNTER class HttpRequest { send () { // ... counter.increment()





#### LISTENABLE REACTIVE

### HTTP REQUEST

```
class HttpRequest {
 send(){
  eventBus.emit('requestDone')
```

```
class Counter {
 constructor (eventBus) {
   eventBus.on('requestDone')
   .then(this.increment)
```

|                        | Passive     | Reactive    |
|------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| How does Counter work? | Find usages | Look inside |

|  | Proactive   | Listenable  |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| Which modules are affected by HttpRequest? | Look inside | Find usages |

# Separation of Concerns

The Selling Point of Reactive Programming

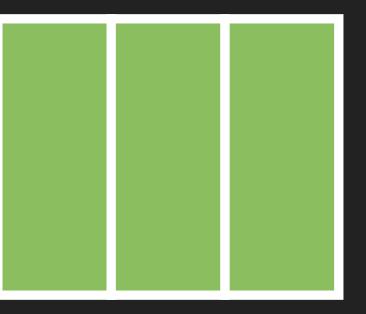
### WAYS TO IMPLEMENT REACTIVE PROGRAMMING

- EventBus
- Object.defineProperties
- ► ES2015 Proxy
- Streams (with some libraries like RxJS, xstream)
- • •

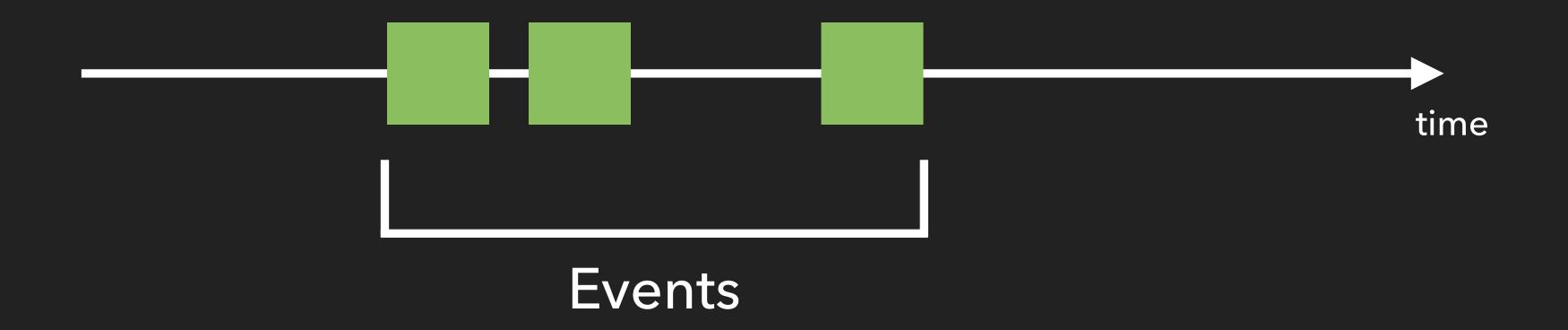
# WHAT IS STREAM?

### A typical array:





### A typical stream:



Array: sequence over space

1 2 3

> Stream: sequence over time



[1, 2, 3]

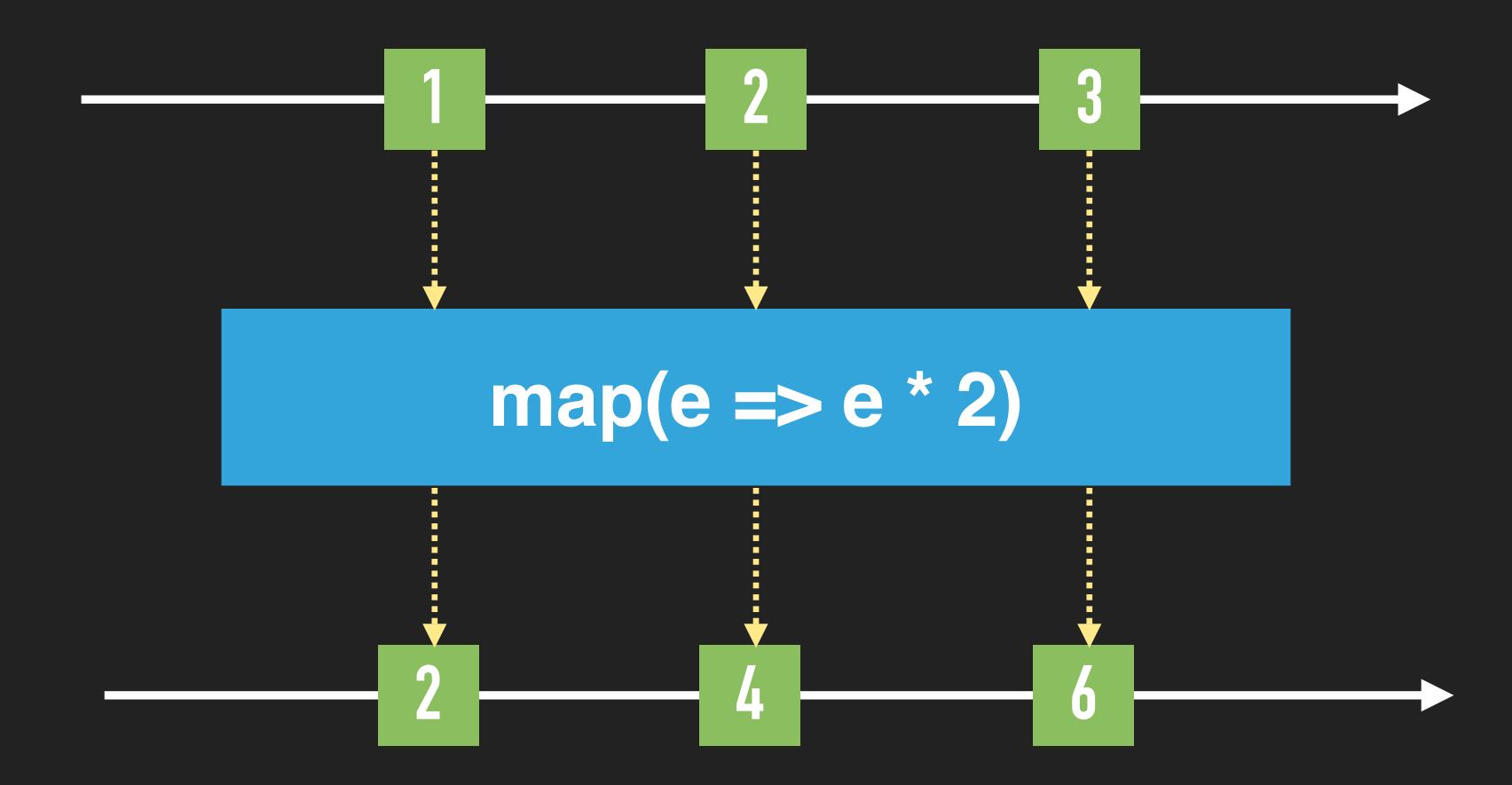
map(e => e \* 2)

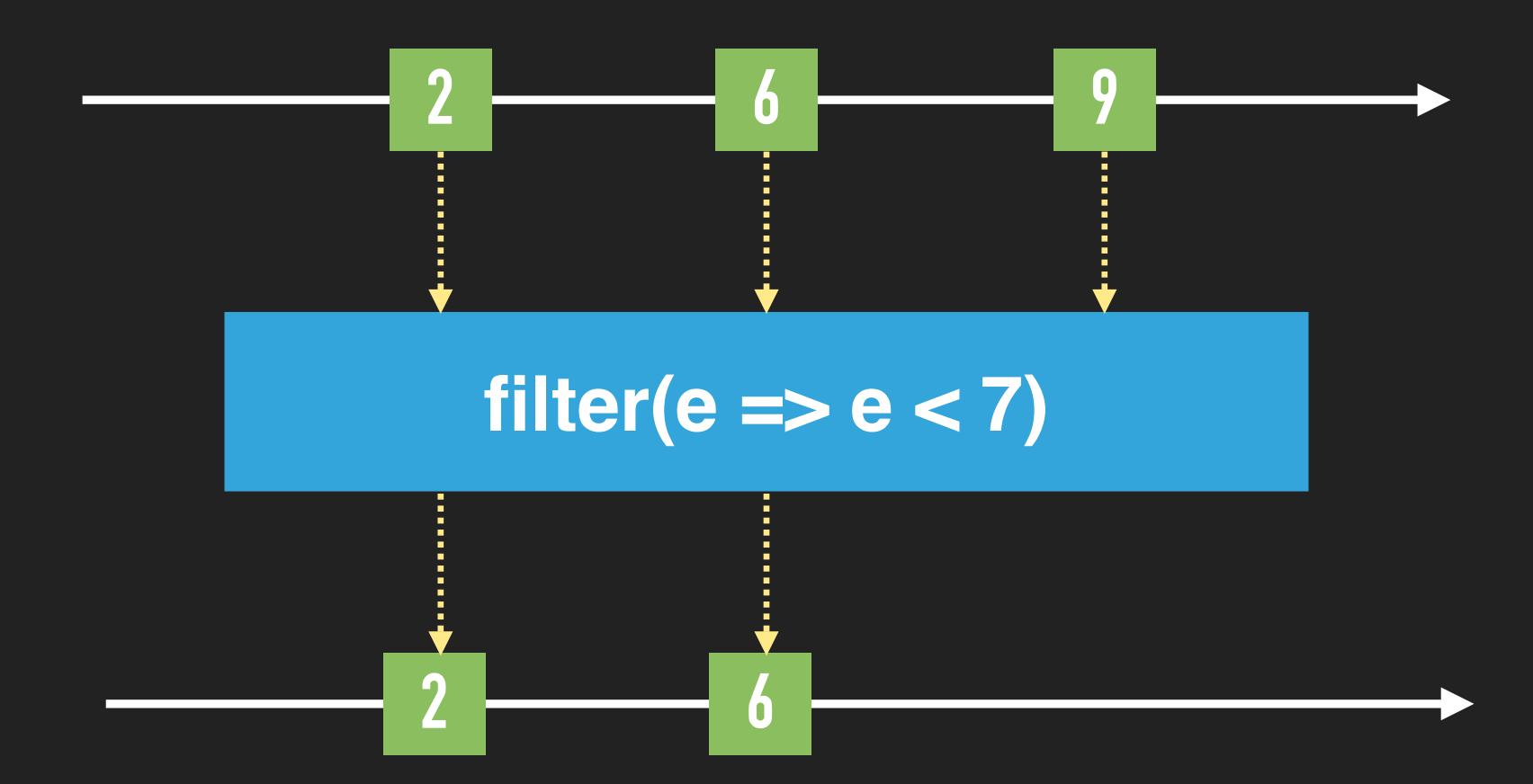
[2, 4, 6]

[2, 6, 9]

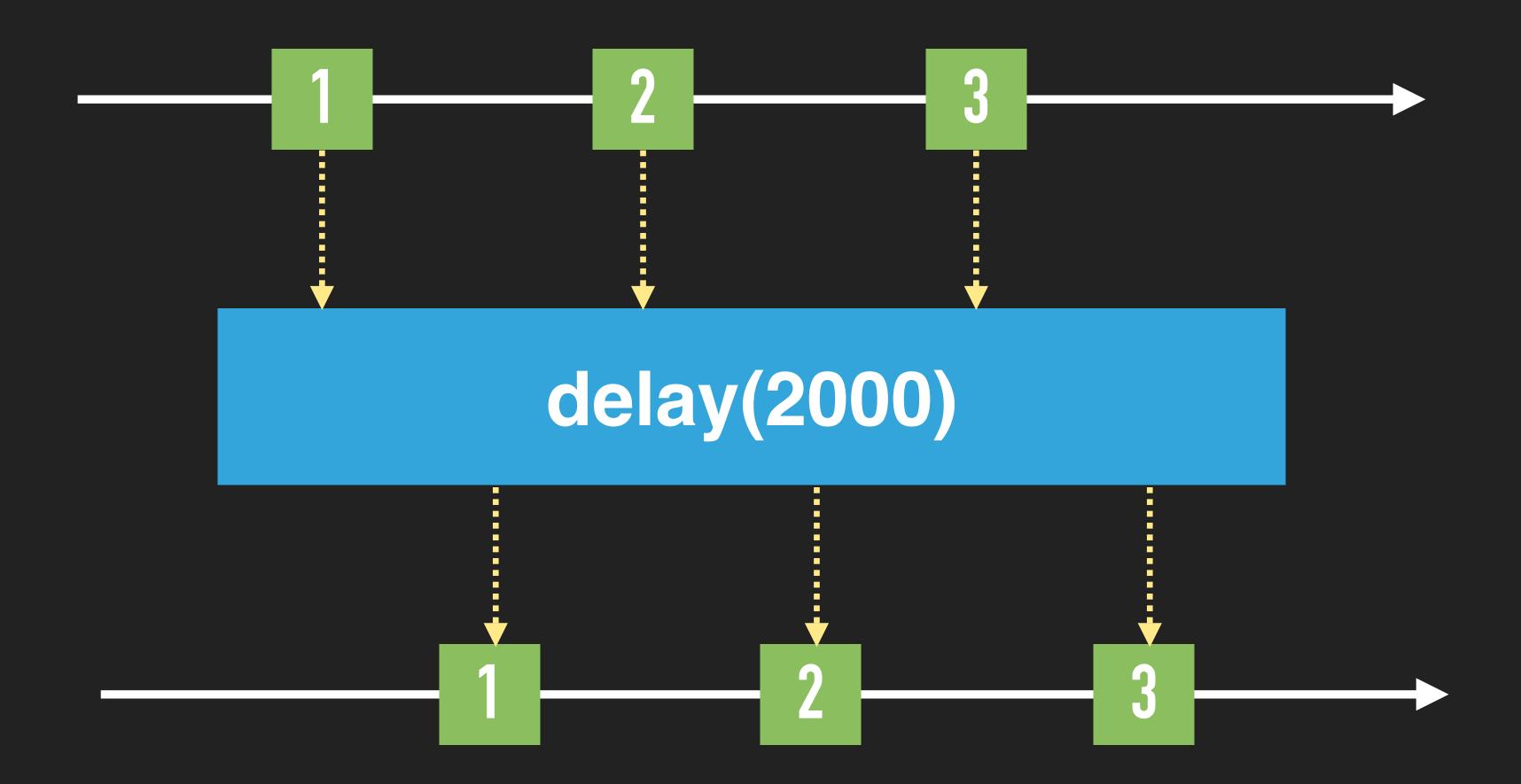
filter(e => e < 7)

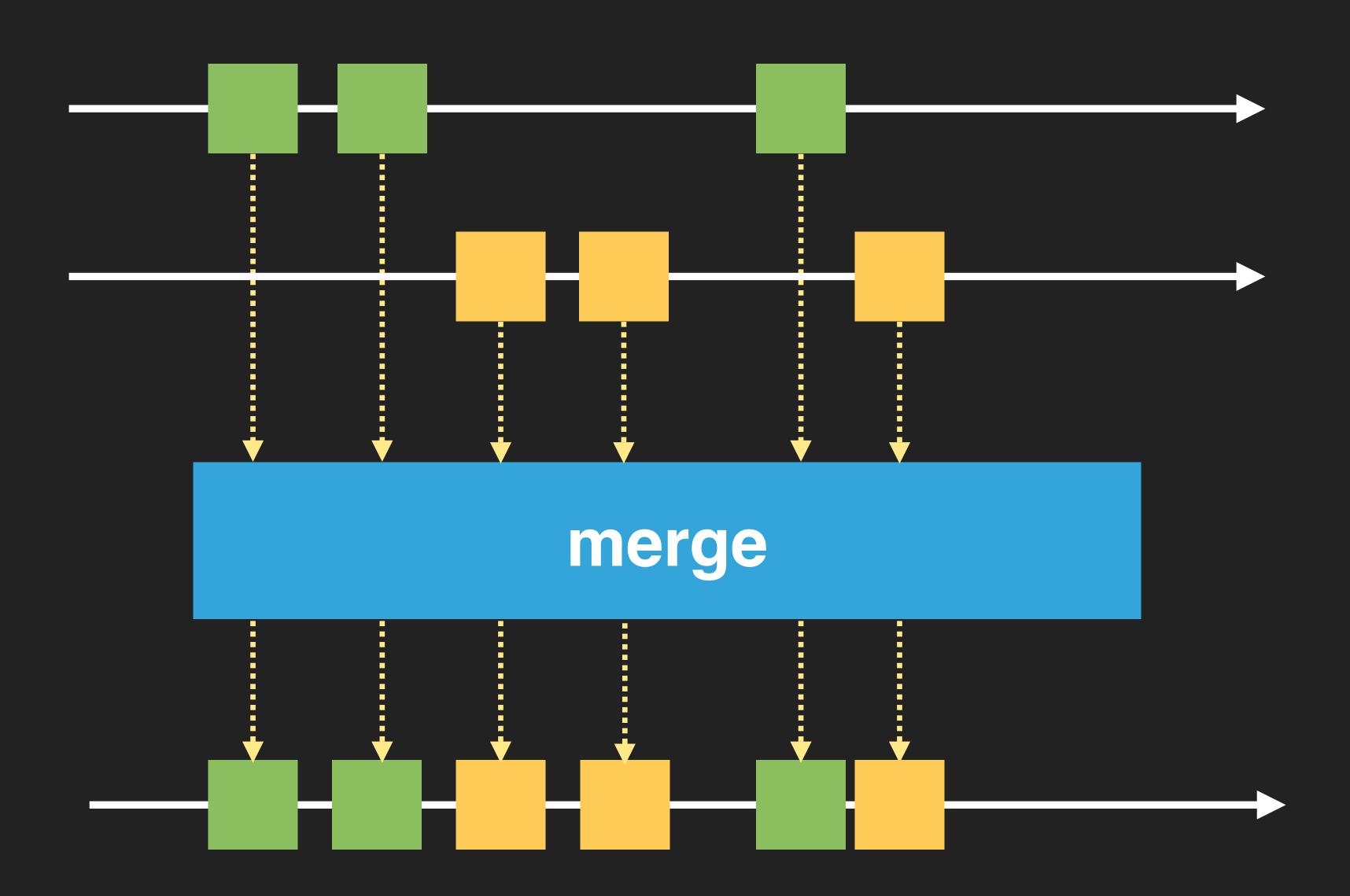
[2, 6]



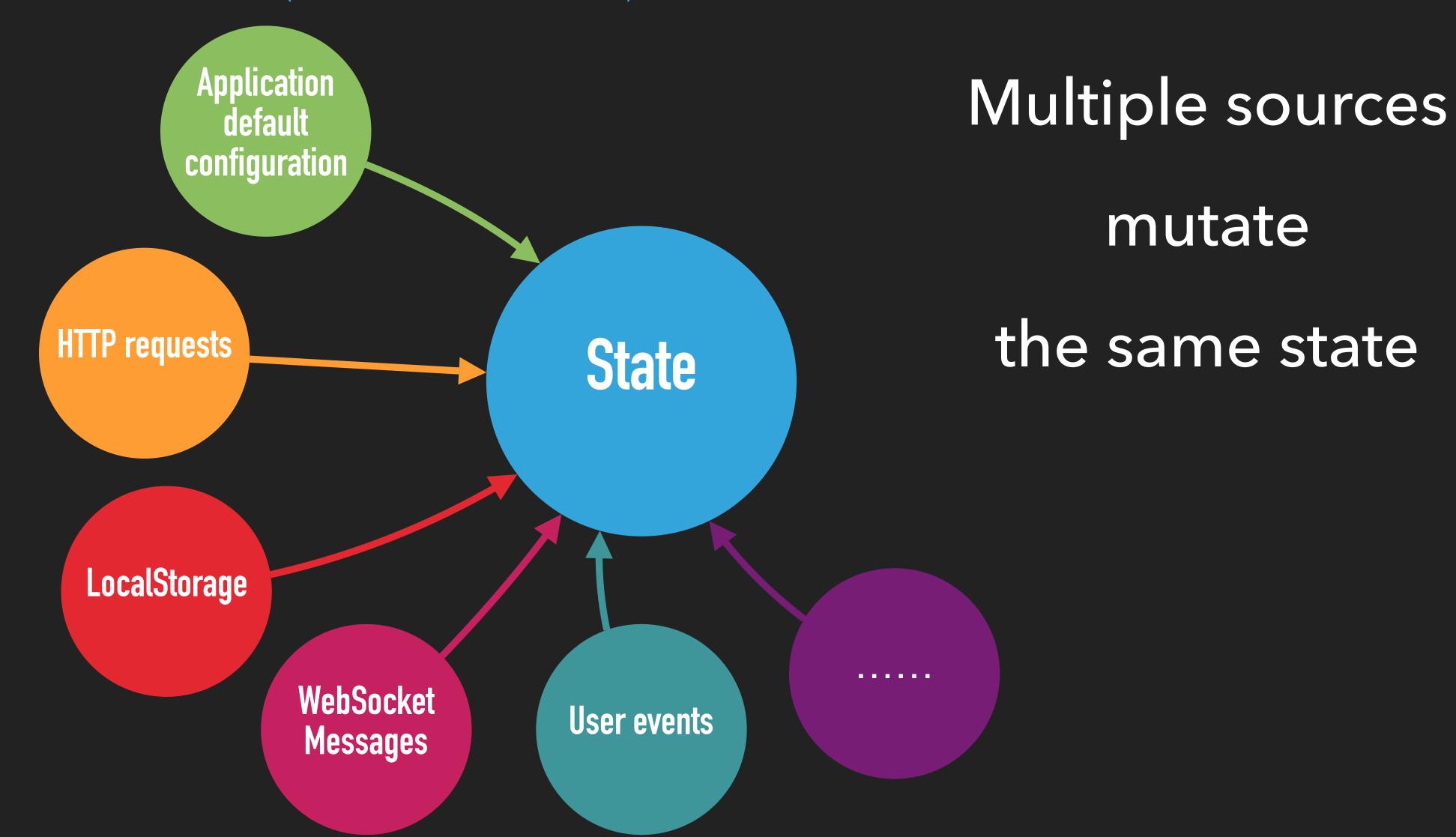








### USAGE SCENARIOS (abstract froms and tos)

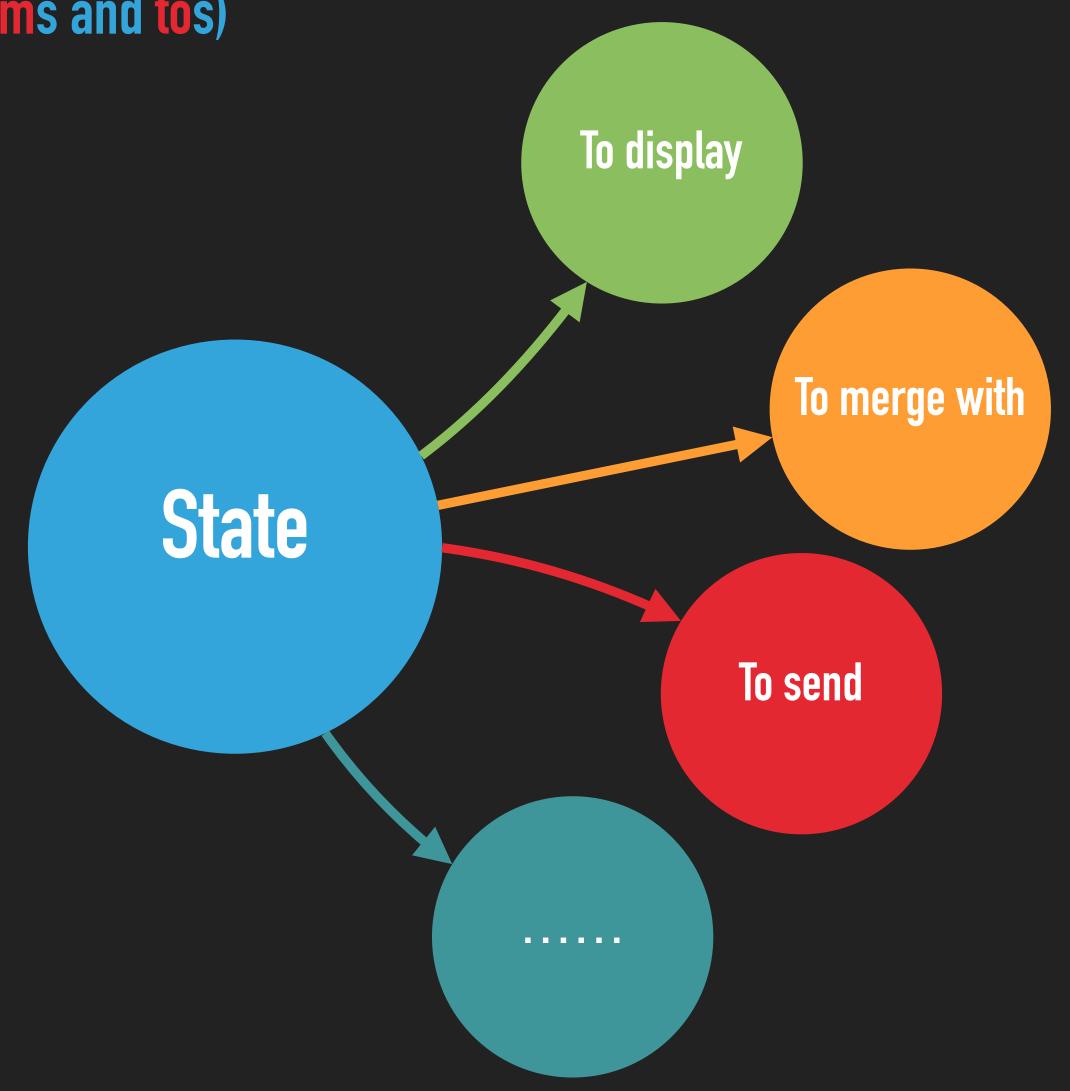


USAGE SCENARIOS (abstract froms and tos)

Multiple places

use

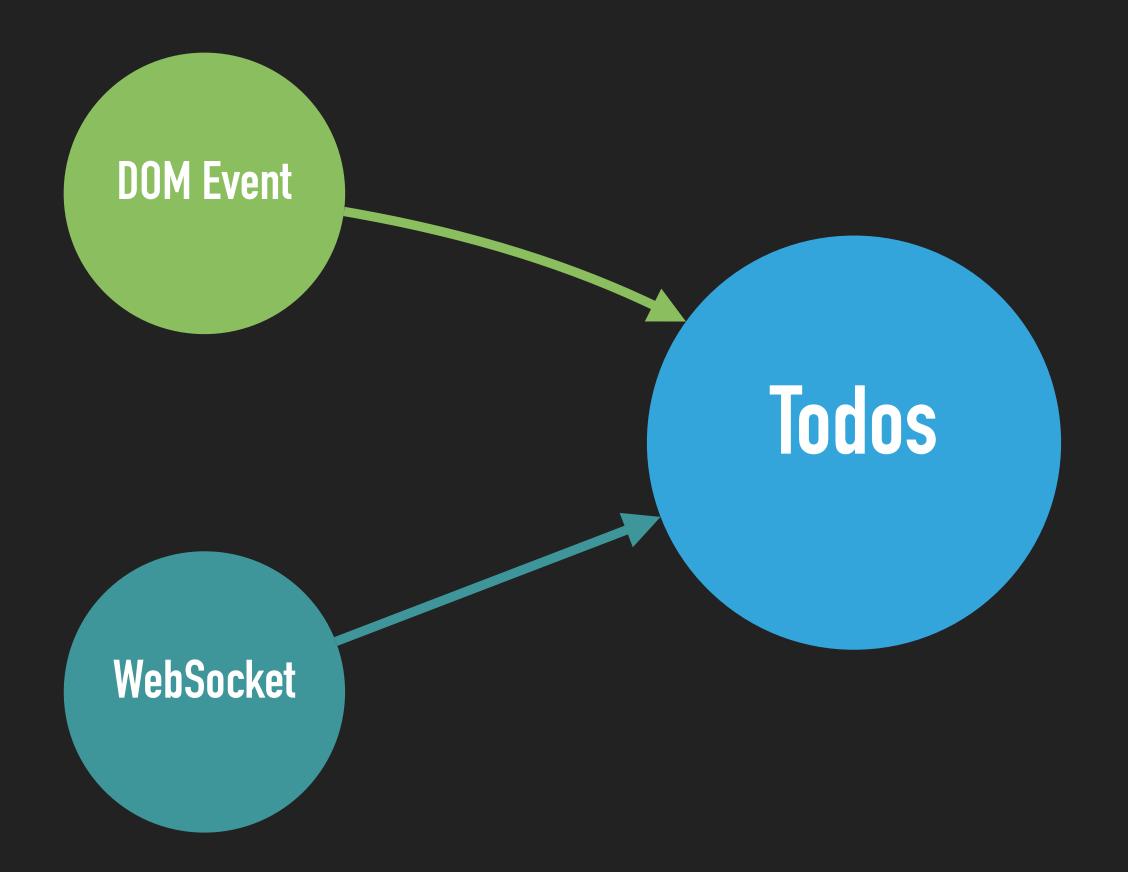
the same state



### Normally using Redux:

```
const changeTodo = todo => {
 dispatch({ type: 'updateTodo', payload: todo })
const changefromDOMEvent = () => {
 const todo = formState
 changeTodo(todo)
const changefromWebSocket = () => {
 const todo = fromWS
 changeTodo(todo)
```

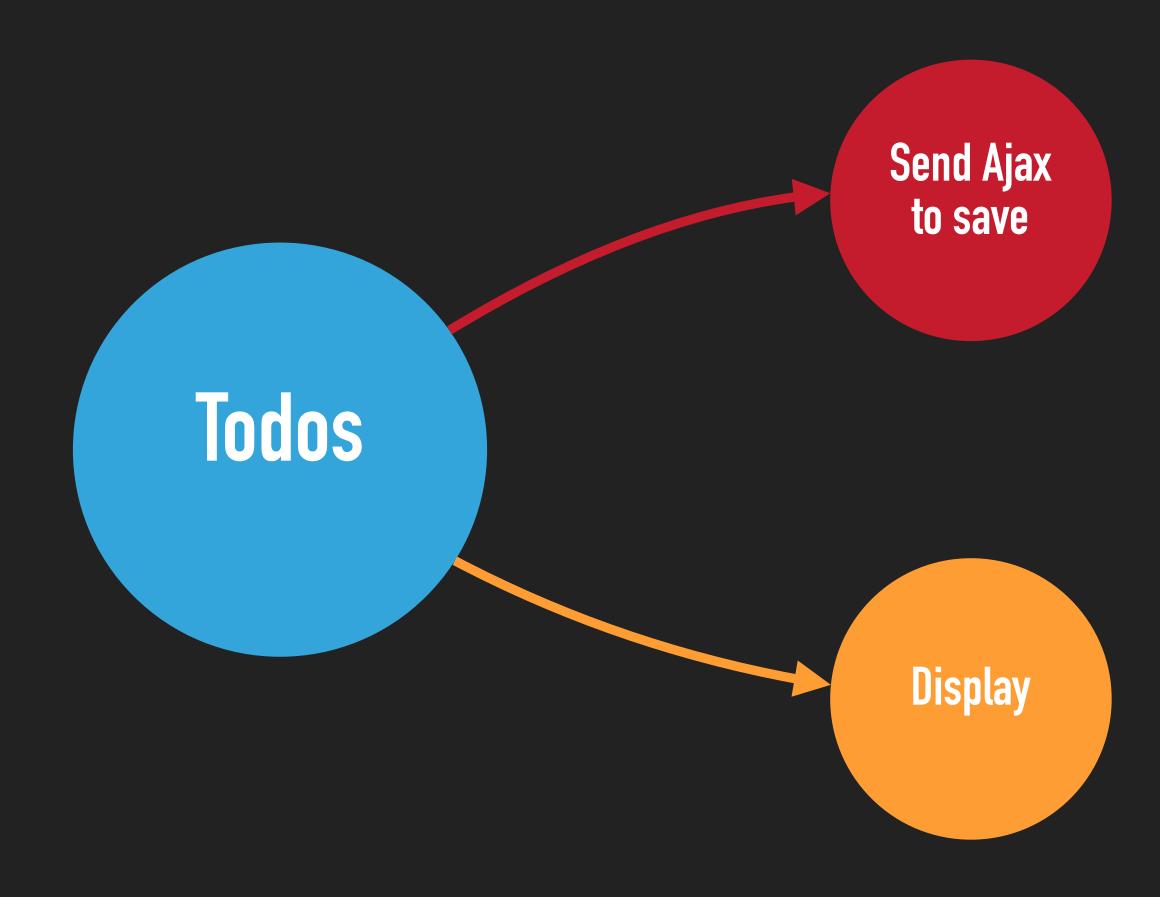
## USAGE SCENARIOS (abstract froms and tos)



### Using stream(with RxJS):

```
const changeFromDOMEvent$ = Rx.Observable
 .fromEvent($('.btn', 'click'))
 .map(evt => evt.data)
const changeFromWebSocket$ = Rx.Observable
 .fromEvent(ws, 'message')
 .map(evt => evt.data)
// Merge all data source
const changes$ = Rx.Observable.merge(
 changeFromDOMEvent$,
 changeFromWebSocket$
changes$.subscribe(todo => dispatch({ type: 'updateTodo', payload: todo }))
```

## USAGE SCENARIOS (abstract froms and tos)



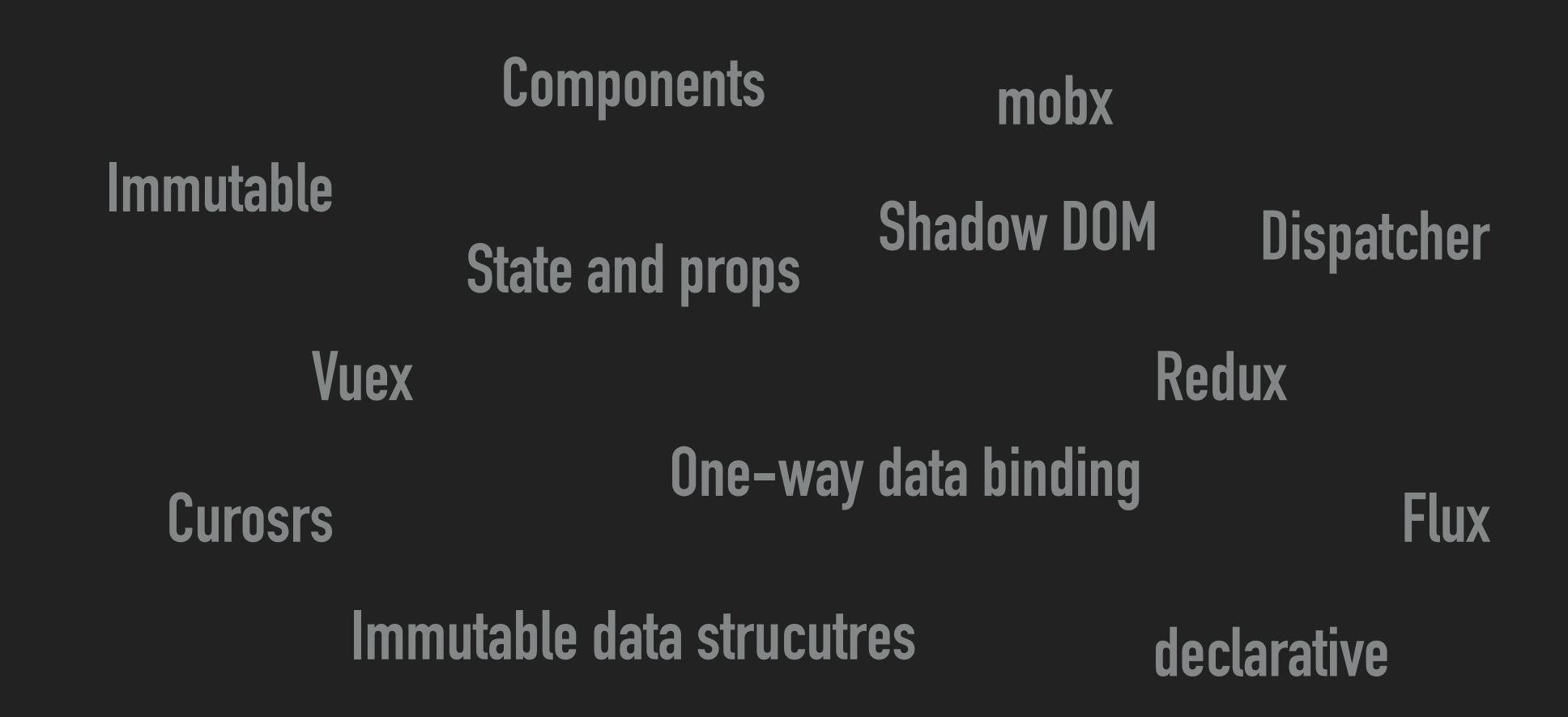
iPhone 6s Plus - iPhone 6s Plus / iO... Reactive programming & stream processing 6:04 PM 提交订单 in our production usage. 7天连锁酒店(北京站二店) 4-13入住, 4-14离店, 1晚 大床房(94病大促)-大床,无早餐,共¥137 间整晚保留 CombineLatest 支付价格 入住日期 离店日期 户选择优惠 20:00之前 联系手机 186 4021 3575 ₫ 酒店新客首单立减23元 CombineLatest 惠1优惠价 🏿 抵用券 使用抵用券 > 格&优惠 入住信息 优惠类型 惠价格 FlattenMap Мар 惠3折扣&峰 惠3优惠价 总价: ¥114 已优惠 ¥23

# Just use stream!

The solution for the complicate situation below

# WHAT IF THE USER WAS A FUNCTION?

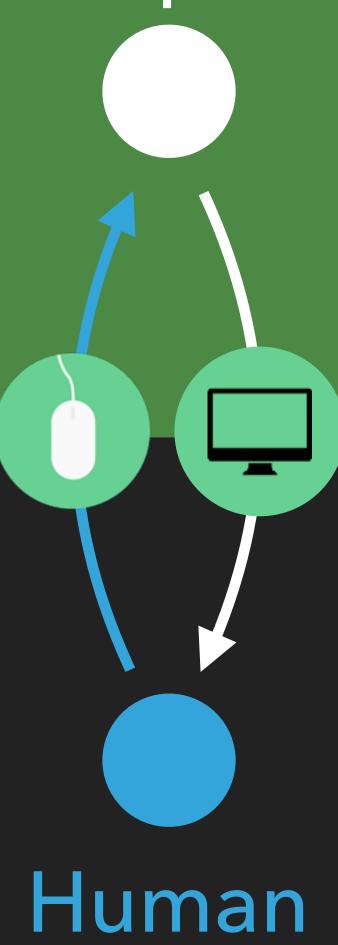
### **JAVASCRIPT IN 2016/2017**



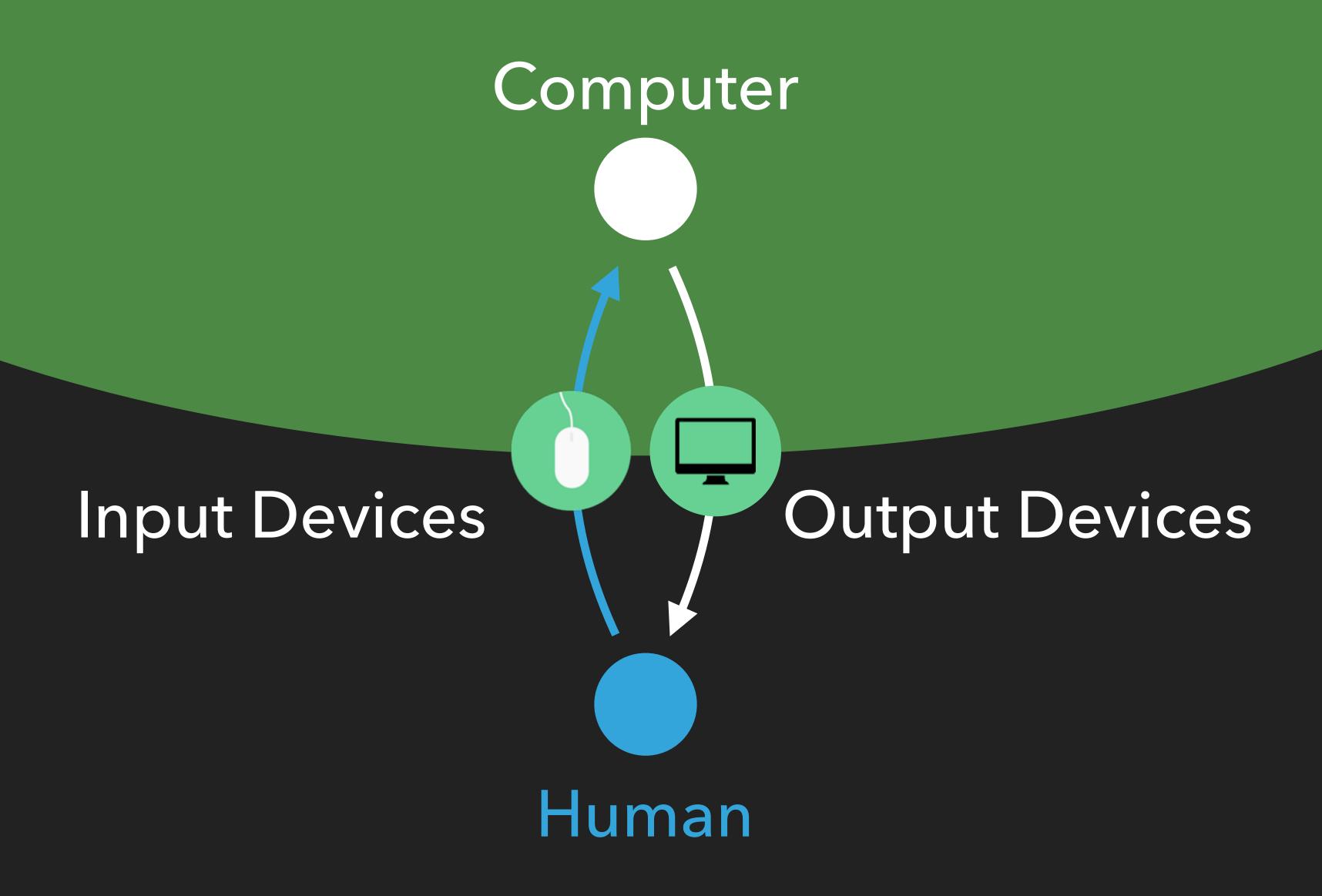


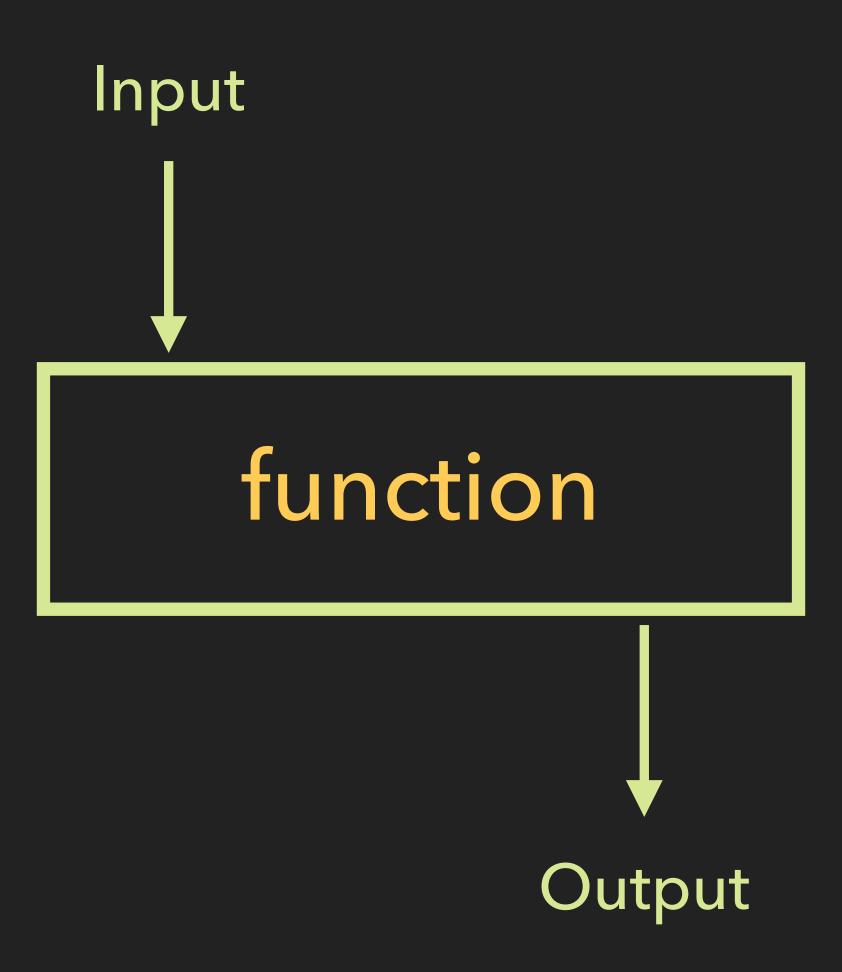
# Computer Human

# Computer



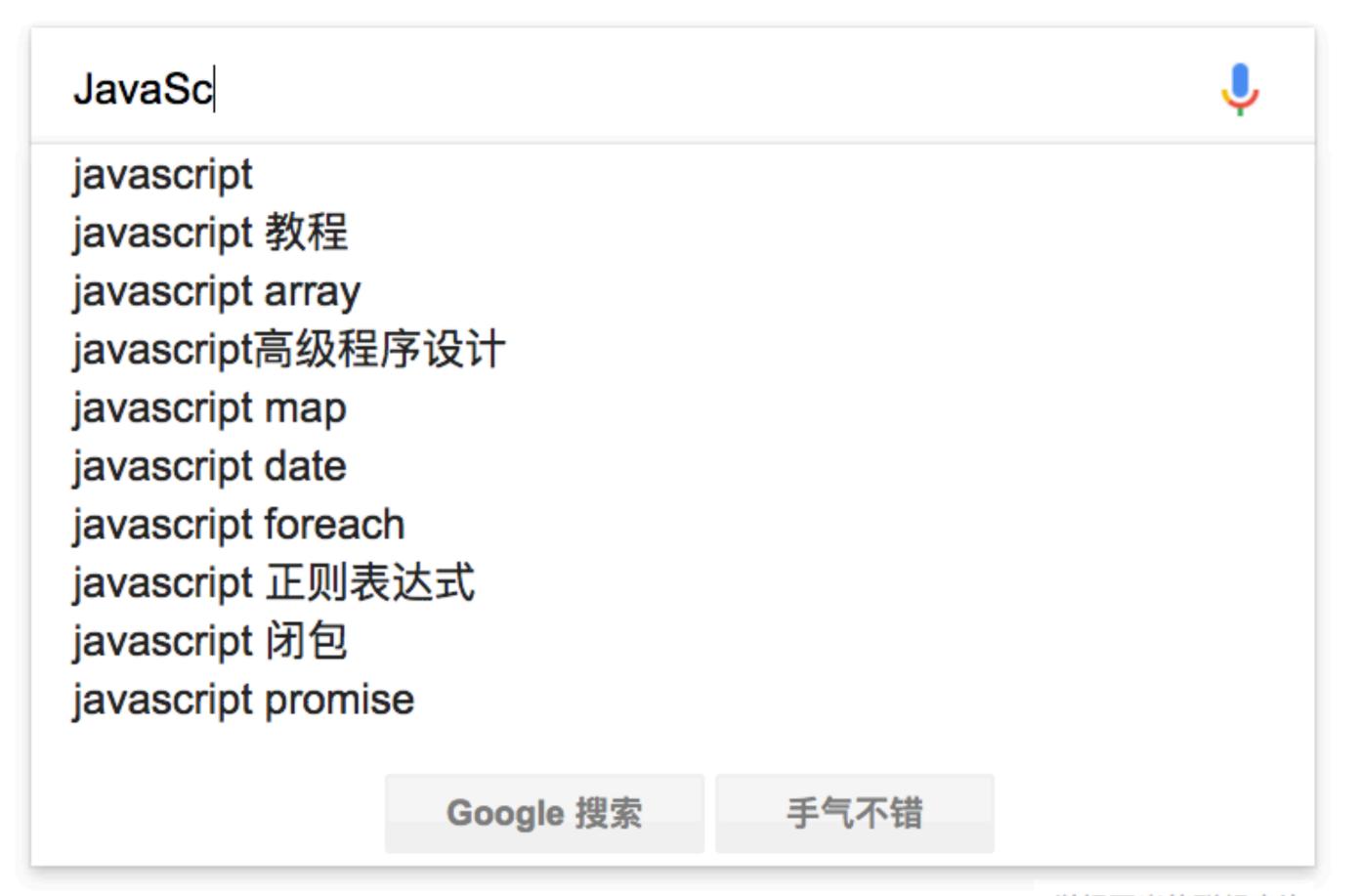
Insight #1: Uls are cycles





- Insight #1: Uls are cycles
- Insight #2: Uls are functions

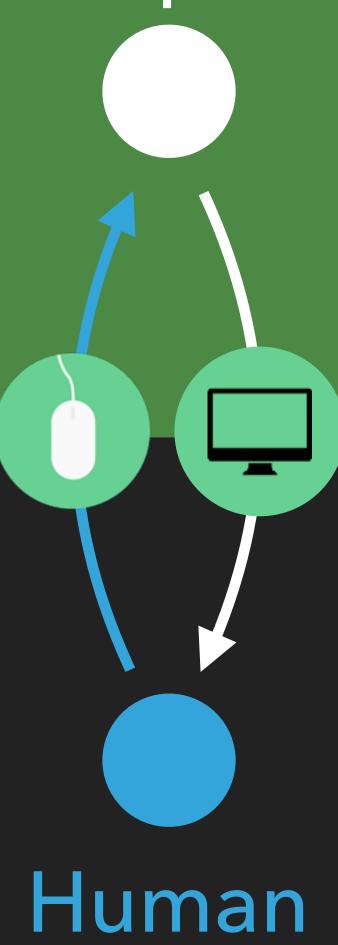




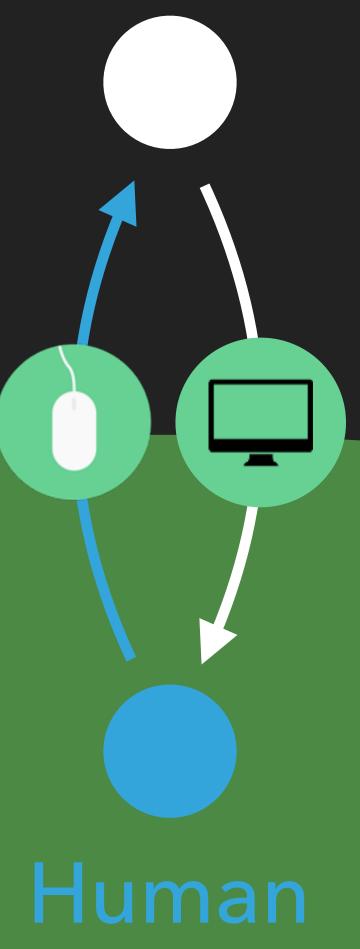
举报不当的联想查询

- Insight #1: Uls are cycles
- Insight #2: Uls are functions
- Insight #3: Uls are async

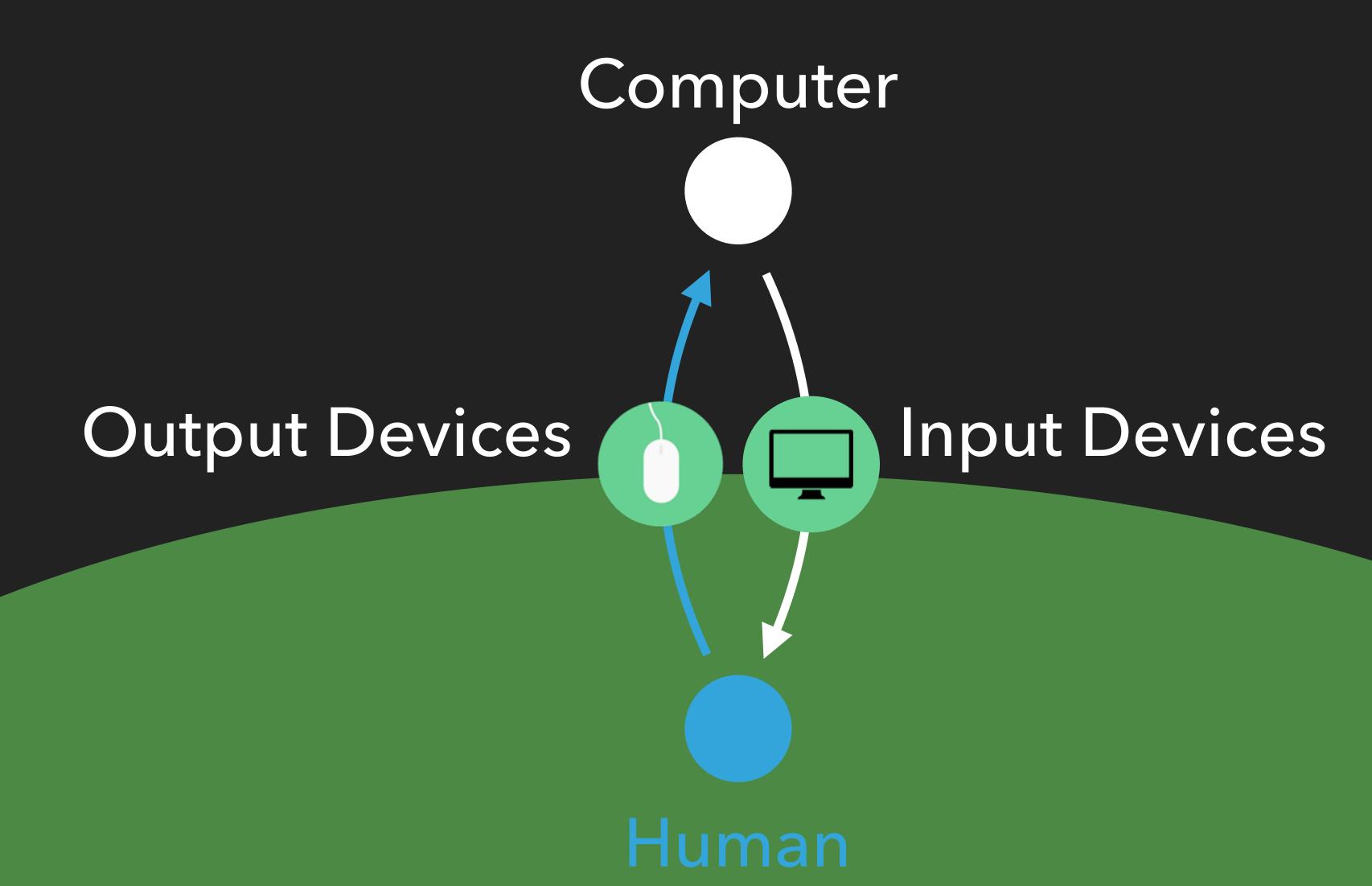
# Computer

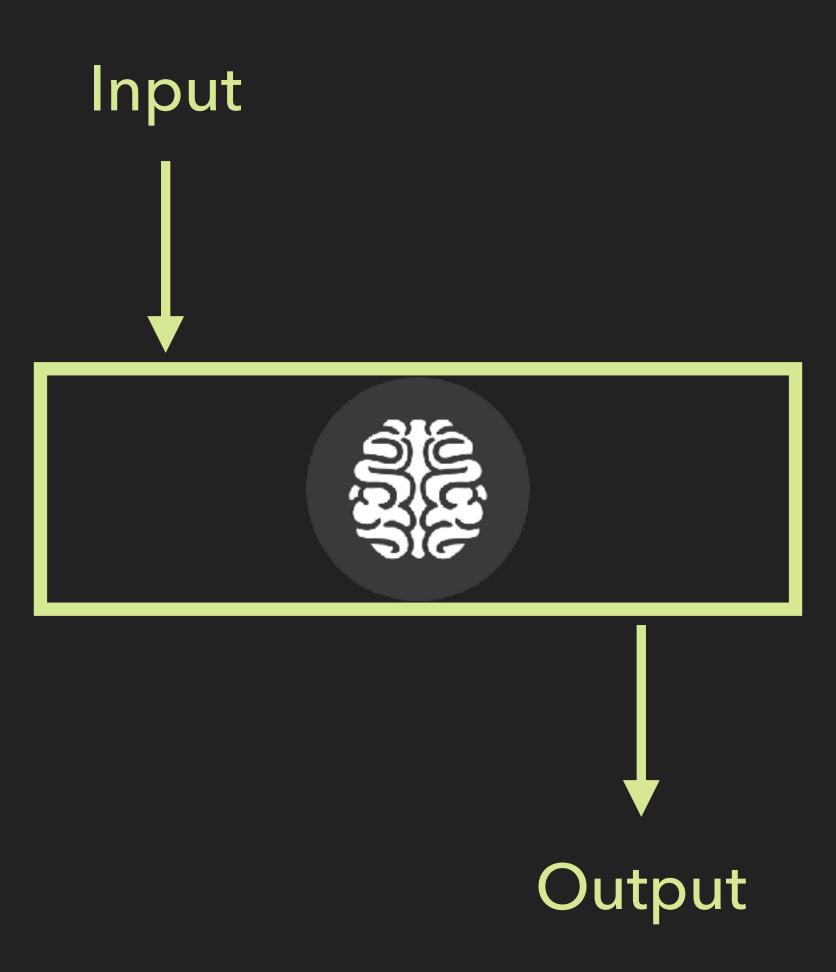


# Computer



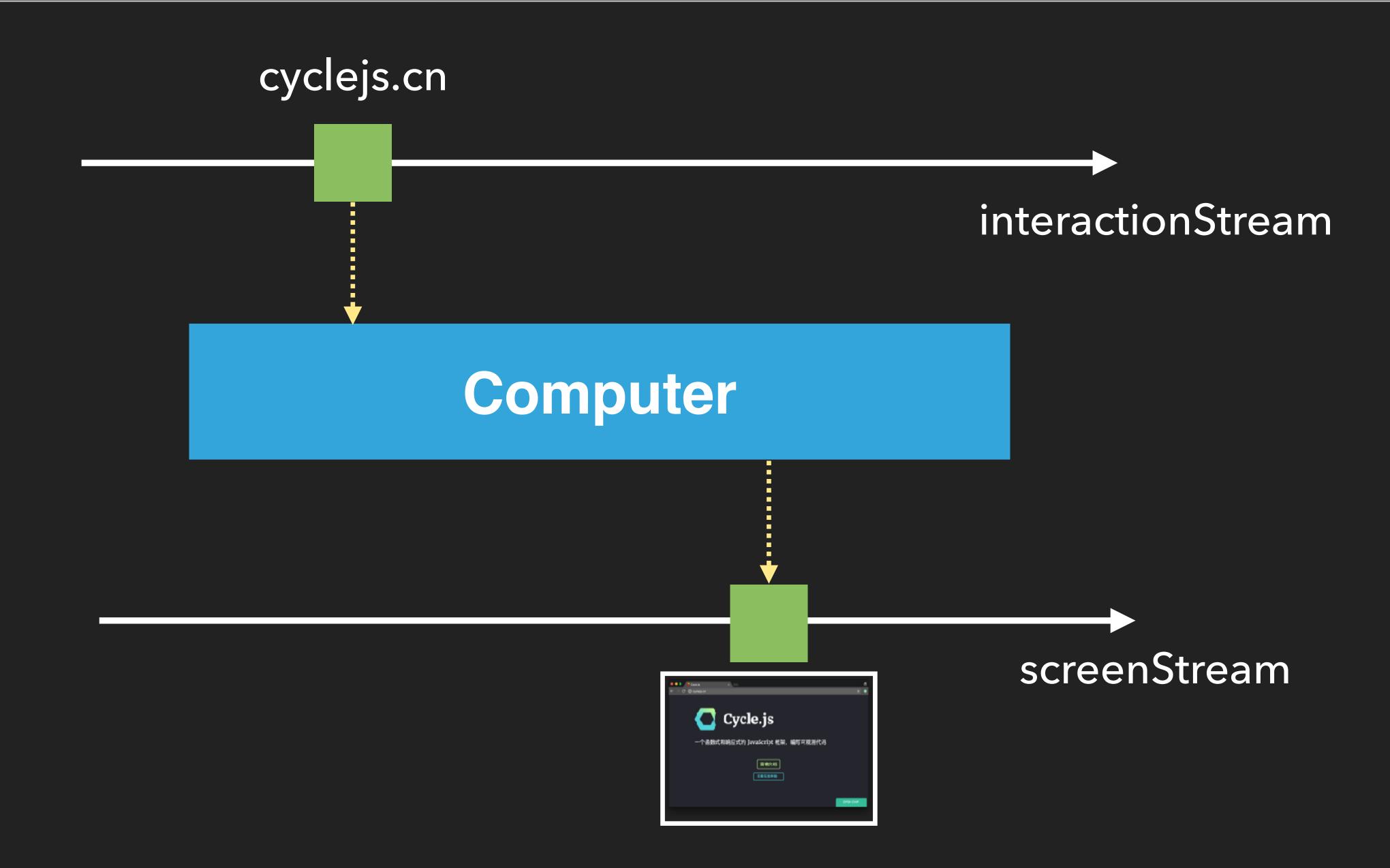
- Insight #1: Uls are cycles
- Insight #2: Uls are functions
- Insight #3: Uls are async
- Insight #4: Uls are symmetric





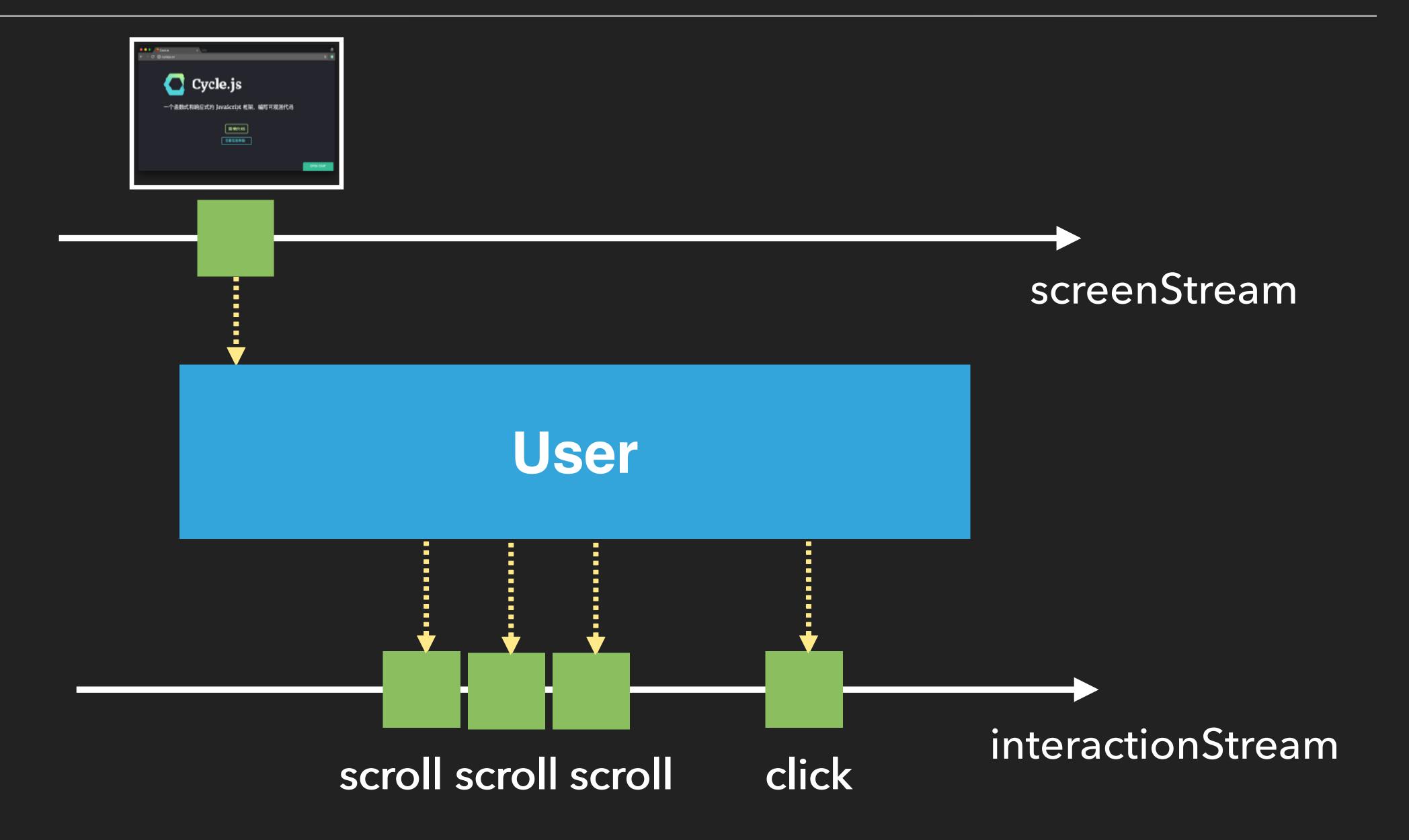
- Insight #1: Uls are cycles
- Insight #2: Uls are functions
- Insight #3: Uls are async
- Insight #4: Uls are symmetric
- Insight #5: The user is a function

# HOW TO CODE IT?

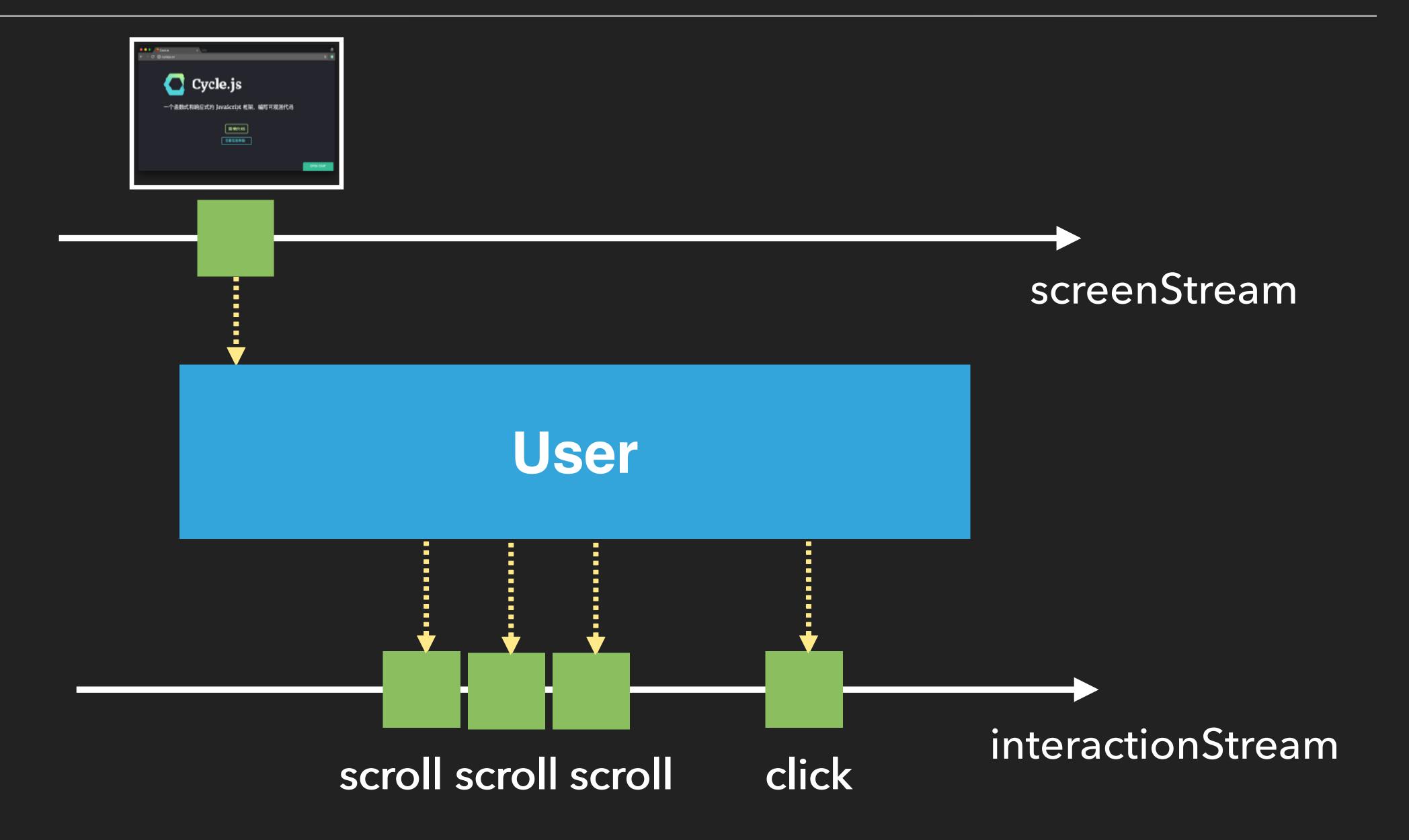


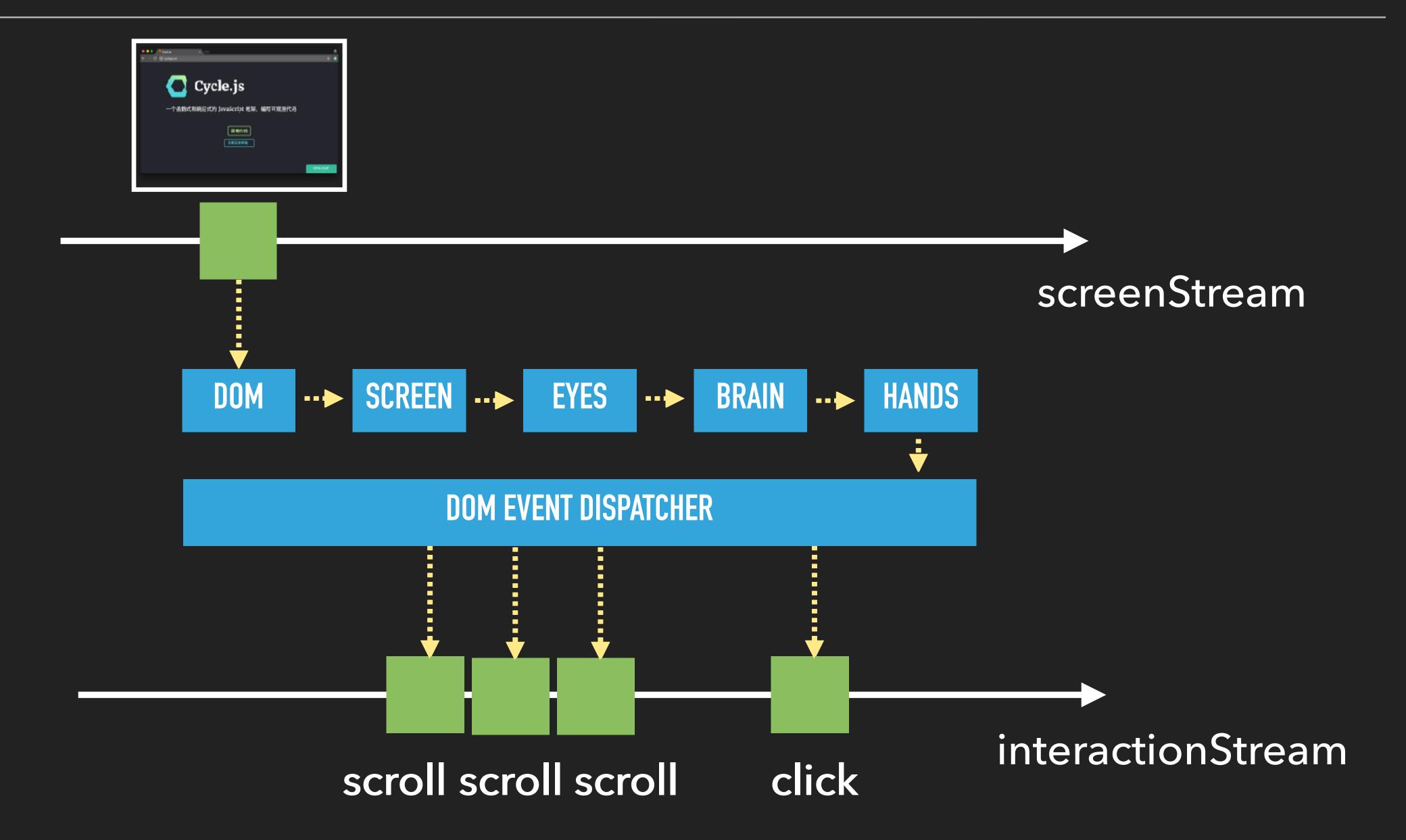
```
function computer (url: EventStream<String>): EventStream<screen> {
    // ...
}
```

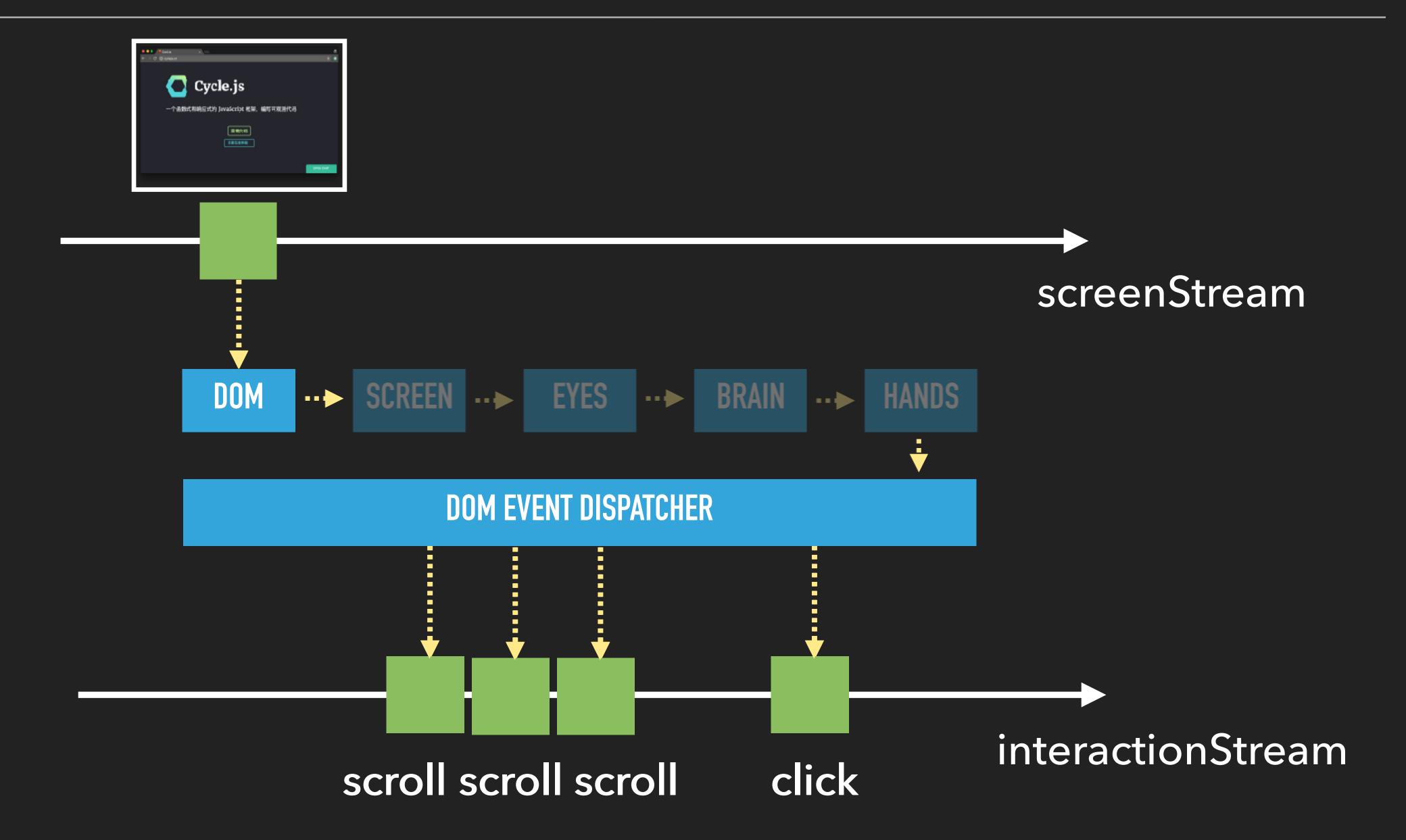
```
let screenStream = computer(interactionStream)
screenStream.listen(function (ev) { ... })
```

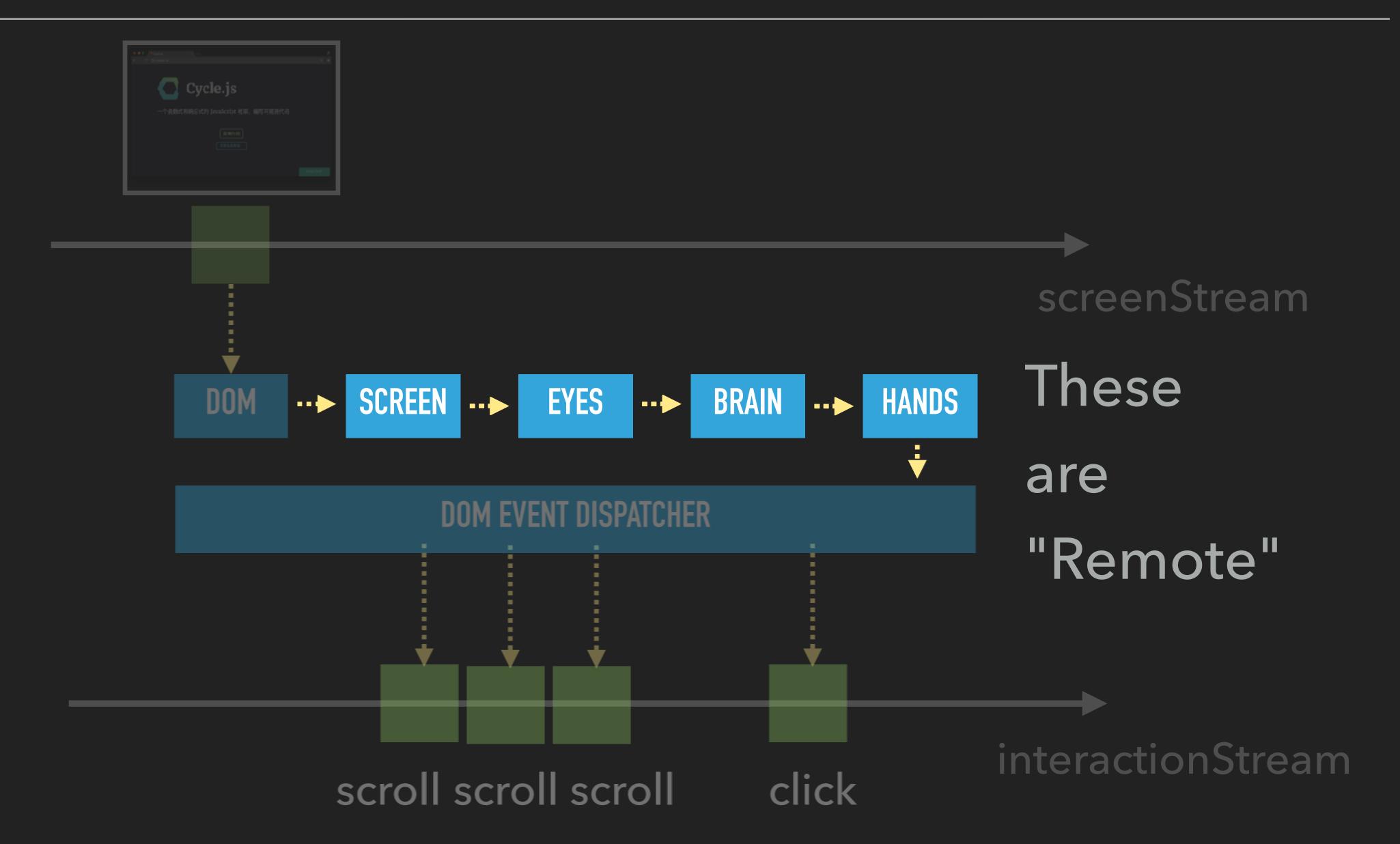


```
function user (screenStream: EventStream): EventStream {
   // Need your brain here...
}
```









```
function user (screenStream: EventStream): EventStream {
   // Need your brain here...
}
```

```
function user (screenStream: EventStream): EventStream {
 screenStream.listen(function (screen) {
  renderToDOM(screen)
 })
 let interactionEvents = new EventStream()
 document.addEventListener('*', function (ev) {
  interactionEvents.emit(ev)
 return interaction Events
```

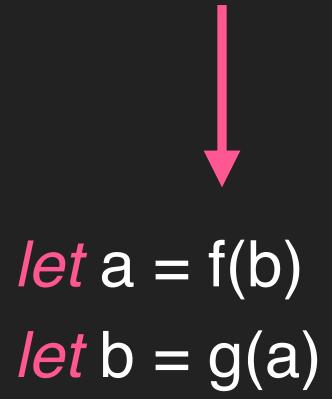
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function user (screenStream: EventStream): EventStream {
 screenStream.listen(function (screen) {
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 screenStream.listen(function (screen) {
  renderToDOM(screen)
 let interactionEvents = new EventStream()
 document.addEventListener('*', function (ev) {
  interactionEvents.emit(ev)
 return interaction Events
```

let interactionStream = user(screenStream.listen)
interactionStream.listen(function (ev) { ... })

let screenStream = computer(interactionStream)
let interactionStream = user(screenStream)

let screenStream = computer(interactionStream)
let interactionStream = user(screenStream)



*let* screenStream = computer(interactionStream) *let* interactionStream = user(screenStream) let a = f(b) let b = g(a) let b = g(f(b))

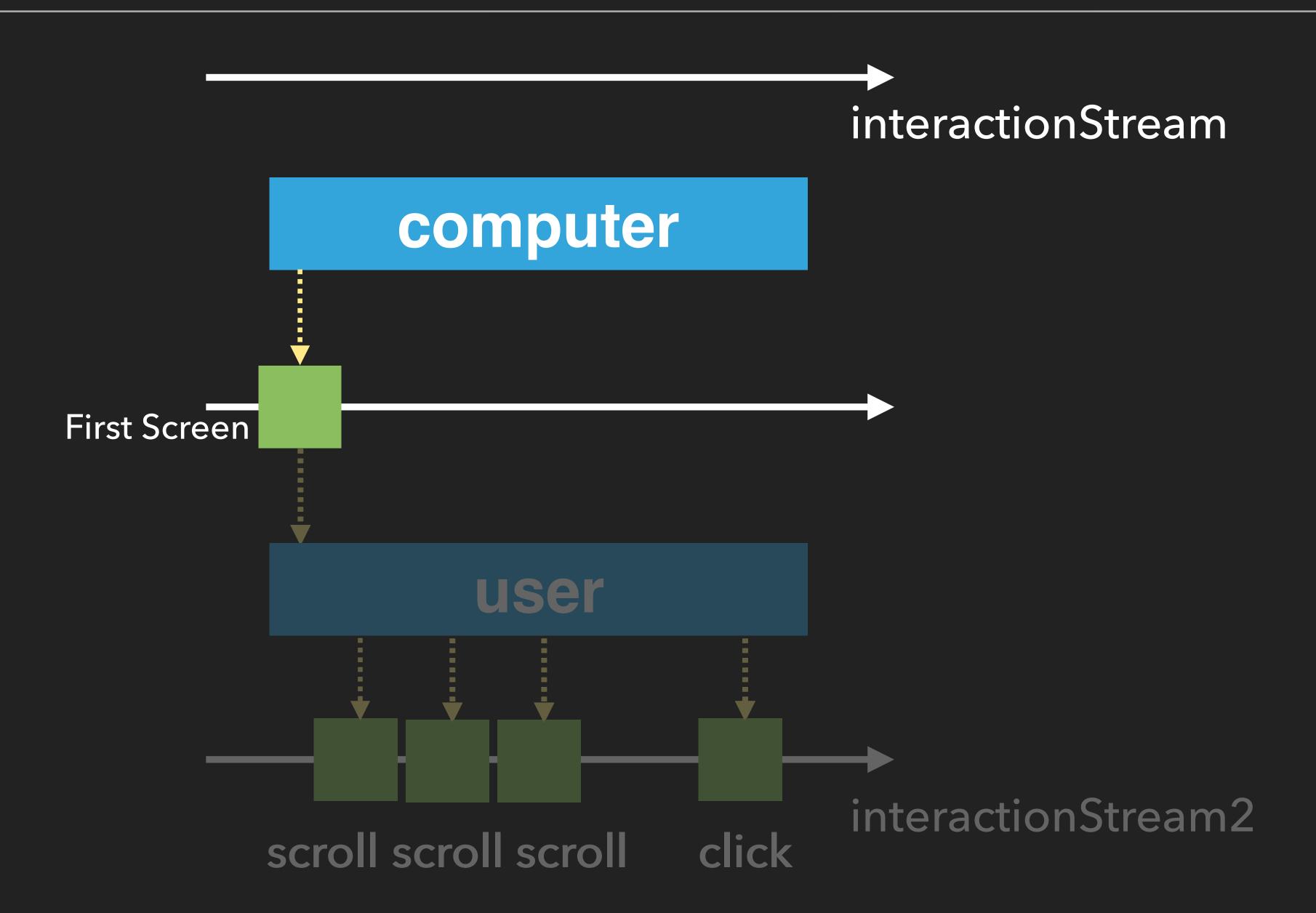


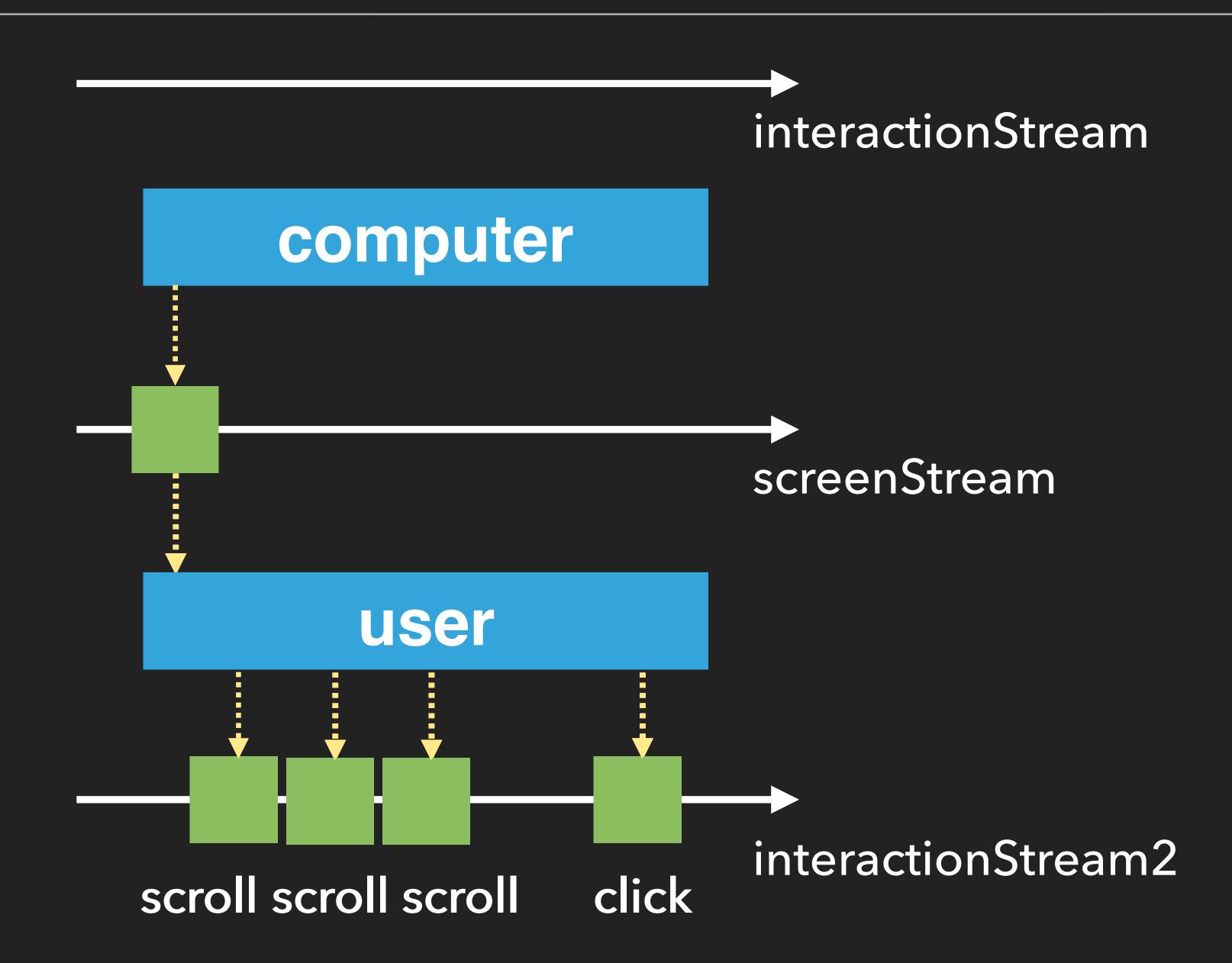
*let* interactionStream = makeEmptyEventStream()

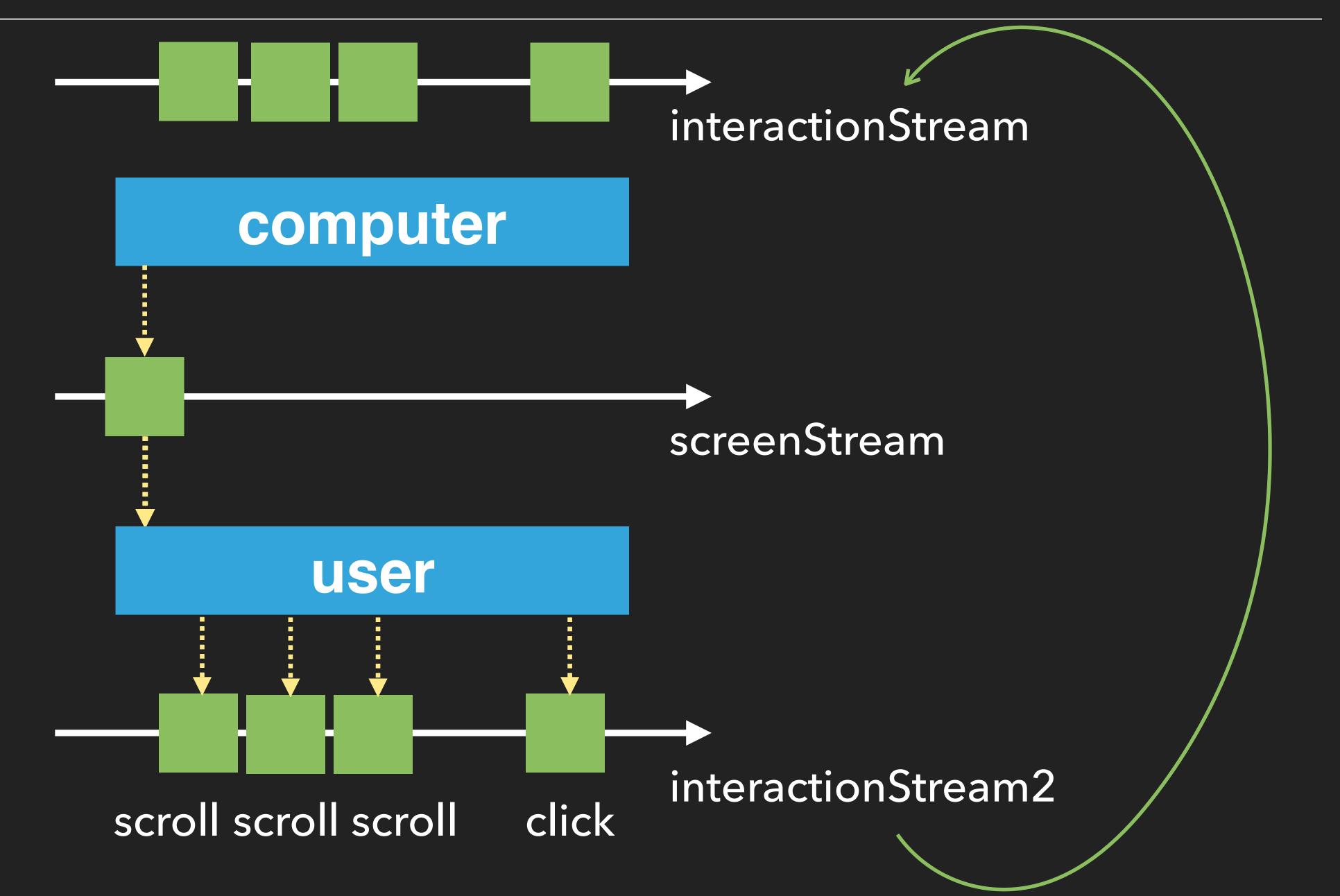
let screenStream = computer(interactionStream)
let interactionStream2 = user(screenStream)

*let* interactionStream = makeEmptyEventStream()

let screenStream = computer(interactionStream)
let interactionStream2 = user(screenStream)







```
let interactionStream = makeEmptyEventStream()
let screenStream = computer(interactionStream)
let interactionStream2 = user(screenStream)
interactionStream2.listen(function (ev) {
  interactionStream.emit(ev)
})
```

```
let interactionStream = makeEmptyEventStream()
```

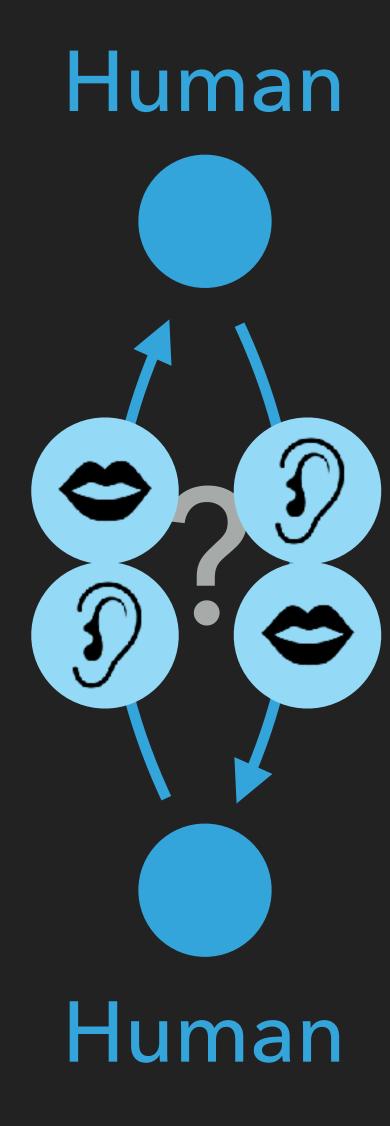
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let interactionStream2 = user(screenStream)
interactionStream2.listen(function (ev) {
  interactionStream.emit(ev)
})
```

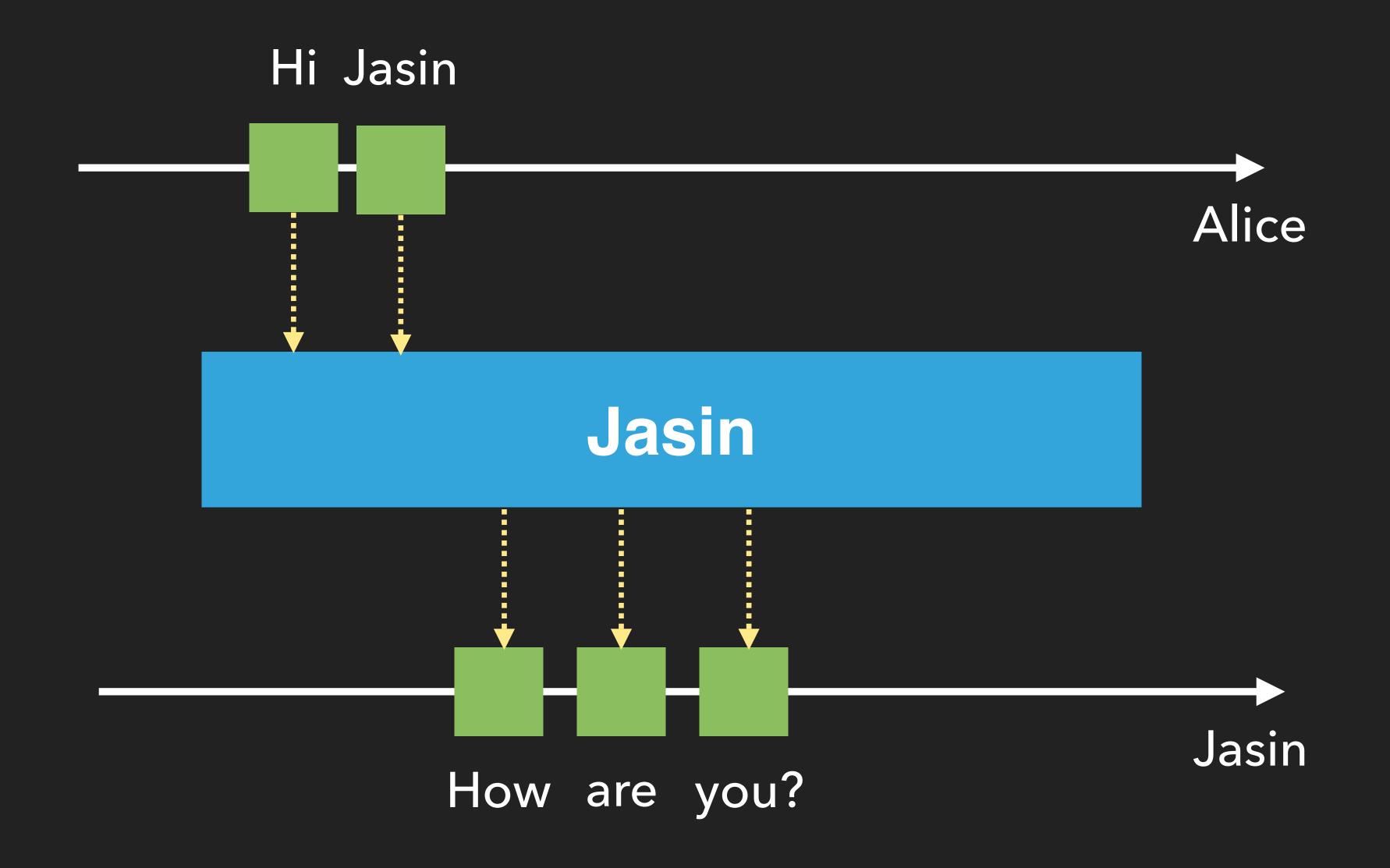
```
let interactionStream = makeEmptyEventStream()
let screenStream = computer(interactionStream)
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interactionStream2.listen(function (ev) {
  interactionStream.emit(ev)
}
```

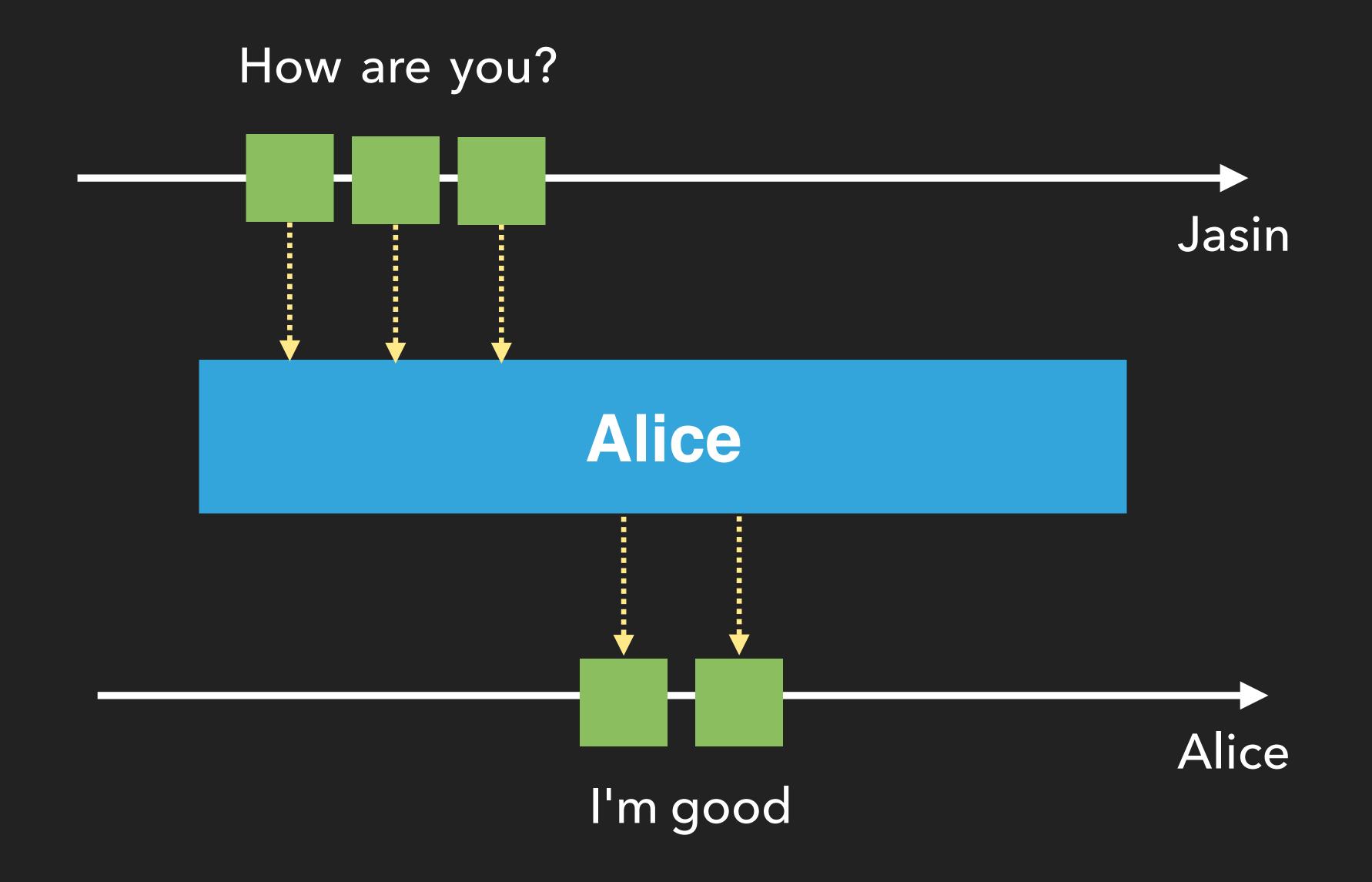


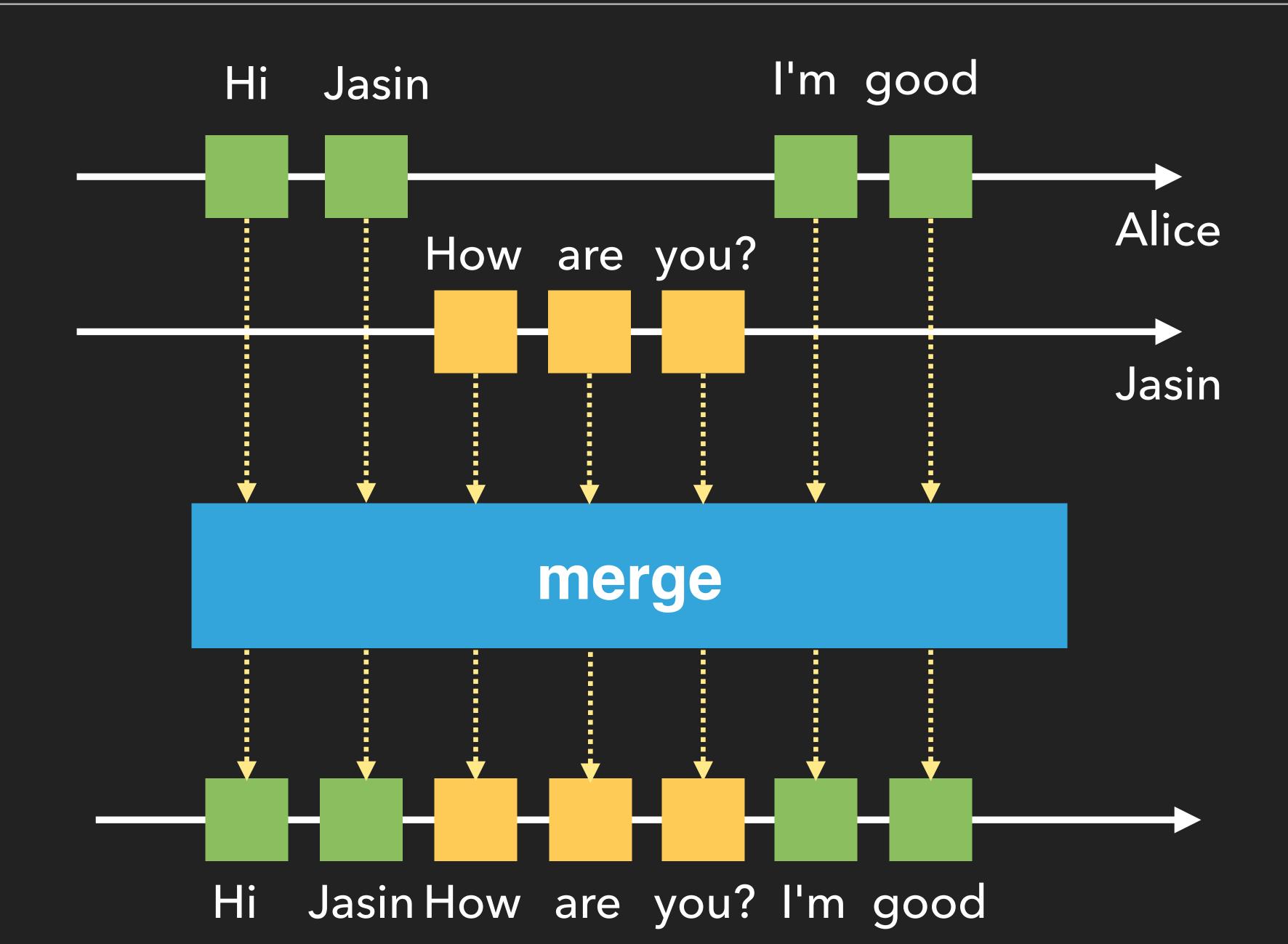
CYCLE.JS

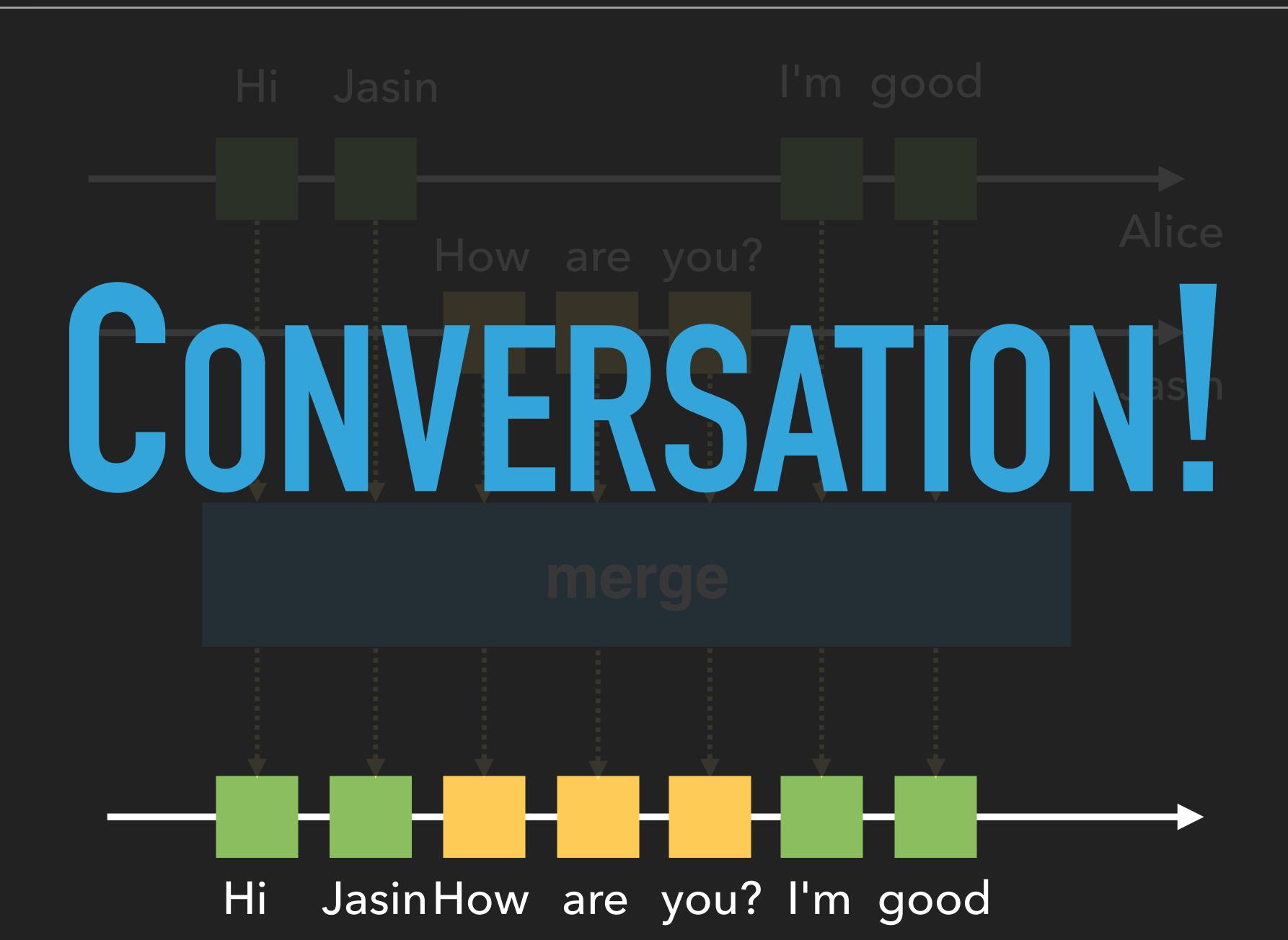
## Computer Human











## ONE MORE THING...



## HANKS

## REFERENCE

- Cycle.js
- RxJS
- ▶ Functional Programming 6.1 Streams
- ▶ What if the user was a function? ——Andre staltz
- ▶ 流动的数据——使用 RxJS 构造复杂单页应用的数据逻辑 ——徐飞
- ▶ 单页应用的数据流方案探索 ——徐飞